THE TIMES
Delivered at your home, 25 cents per week.

Victoria Daily Times.

The Finest Line of Toilet Articles, Perfumes, Etc., in the Province, at the People's Pharmacy.
C. E. JONES,
36 Gov't St. Always Open.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, MAY 19, 1894. No. 124

RINGS

Set with Diamonds (single and in cluster), Rubies, Emeralds, Saphires, Opals and Pearls.

A large assortment of unset stones always on hand which can be mounted at short notice. Prices are AWAY DOWN at

CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S,
......47 Government Street.

SALVAGE SALE . . .

The Salvage Sale at

THE WESTSIDE,

Of the Goods damaged by fire, begins

ON MONDAY, at 10 o'clock.

Although a portion of the goods on the main floor are but little the worse, we have concluded to make a general clearance and to effect same have had the entire stock reticketed and remarked in plain figures. The damage to stock in show-room has been very great, but the major portion of the burnt and destroyed goods has been removed. It would manifestly be impossible to give a detailed list of prices, but the following will serve as pointers and be a fair criterion whereby to judge values:

KID GLOVES

By actual count we have 5052 pairs, it is not needful to speak of the quality.

THE WESTSIDE GLOVE

Is well and favorably known all over the Province.
35 doz. 4 button, in tans and browns, a good serviceable glove at 75c., were $1.
293 doz., The Westside Warranted, 4 stud, 4 dome and lacing fastenings, French kid, regular price $1.25, now $1.
74 doz., like the two above, only in 6 button length, $1.50, reduced to $1.10
45 doz. Suede, $1 length, now 65c; $1.25 length, now 90c.; $1.40 length, now $1.10.
19 doz. Bernhardt evening 8 button length in white and cream only $1.25, reduced to 90c; 12 button length $1.50, now $1.10; 20 button length $2.25, no $1.75.
SILK GLOVES with kid palm, black and colored, $1.25, now 50c.
ALBANY IMPROVED LISLE, assorted colors, 2 pairs for 25c.
GLADDY'S TAFFATA, nice summer glove, 25c., now 15c.
THE RELIANCE, silk tipped, worth 60c., now 40c.

HOSIERY

CASHMERE, summer weight, 3 pairs for 90c.
FULL-FASHIONED Hermsdorf, black, ex. long, N. 4015, 1288 20, 25, 30cts. per pair, worth 30, 40 and 50cts.
MAPLE BRAND Lisle hose, No 531, marked down to 25c
FINE QUALITY Lisle hose, No. 60, marked down to 40c.

Vests and underwear at say 50 per cent. reduction. Ever ready dress stays, 2 doz. for 25cts Buttons, half-price. China Silks, 75 and 90c. quality, all at 45. Challies, best, in beautiful colors and choice designs, 30c. Dress goods reduced 33 per cent. Prints, American and Canadian, 5c.; English wide, 8¼, reduced from 12½c.; French and English cambrics, new styles and patterns, 15c, to 25c., all at 12½ cents. Spool Cotton, Brooks', Clark's and Coats', 200 yard 6 cord reels, best quality in doz. packages only 30cts. per doz.

SHOWROOM—All damaged goods marked at prices which are expected to cause an immediate sale. Employes are instructed to make no misrepresentation. The sale will be for cash. No goods taken back or exchanged and no reclamation whatever. To minimise as much as possible the expected crush an exit is provided at rear of store.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

SOAP!
SOAP!

There is no more need of using imported soap. Consumers now have an opportunity of purchasing a home-made article, equal in every respect to any imported soaps. The VICTORIA SOAP CO., have lately put in the most improved machinery and are now turning out first class goods. When you are buying ask your grocer for Findley's Electric, or if you want a soap for flannels get Findley's Borax, which is guaranteed perfectly free from any adulteration and will not injure the most delicate fabric.

CREASE BOUGHT.

OFFICE AND FACTORY, HERALD ST., COR. GOVERNMENT.

Carpet Cleaning and Upholstering

Carpets taken up, cleaned, altered and relaid; also cleaned on the floor by our Turkish rug and carpet cleaning process, which removes grease spots, paint, coal dust, lampblack, soot and stains of all kinds.

LACE CURTAINS AND BLANKETS A SPECIALTY.

Furniture and mattresses of ever description repaired, re-upholstered and recovered.

TEL. 540. W. G. FURNIVAL, 58 BROAD STREET

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—To buy a five-roomed cottage and lot; must be cheap. Address "Cash," Times office. m19-2t

MILK COW FOR SALE—Guaranteed good milker; high grade shorthorn; particulars at Times office. m19-6t

TO-NIGHT go to Sampson's Book Exchange for something to read. Novels sold at half price; exchanged for 5c. each.

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders are required for the erection of a Bungalow residence, together with certain frame buildings at North Saanich for W. M. le Poer French, Esq.

Plans and specifications can be seen at my office where tenders will be received up till 12 o'clock noon of Saturday next, May 26th.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

J. GERHARD TIARKS,
Architect.
39 1-2 Government St., May 19th, 1894.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
AUCTIONEER.

Under cable advices from J. H. Innes, Esq., I am instructed to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION
—ON—
TUESDAY, MAY 29th, 1894,
at 11 o'clock a.m., all his
Household Furniture,
Storekeepers' Residence at the Naval Yard, Esquimalt,
HORSE, PHAETON, BUGGY, PIANO, ORGAN, ETC.

Comprising

DRAWING-ROOM.

Wilton carpet square, curtains, poles, and rings, ebony suite covered in dark green embossed velvet, ebony centre table, occasional, black walnut, inlaid and wicker tables, cabinet, ottoman, extra large Chinese vases, 1 Extra Fine Organ, Cottage Grand Piano.

DINING-ROOM.

English mahogany sofa, extension table, easy chairs, leather covered dining chairs, 1 English Envelope Walnut Card Table, rockers, carpets, rugs, curtains, poles and rings, 1 new bagatelle table, mahogany bookcase, books, glassware, crockery, superior electroplated ware, tea set, salad bowl, spon and fork, electroplated fish knives and forks, electroplated desert knives and forks, plate chest, soup tureen, toast rack, dumb walter.

BEDROOMS.

The furniture of six bedrooms, comprising mahogany and maple suites, mahogany wardrobe, linen closets, carpets, mattresses, pillows, 2 sewing machines, curtains, poles and rings.

HALL.

Walnut hat rack, mahogany stool, linoleum, lamp, etc.

SMOKING-ROOM.

Two mahogany card tables, hat rack, markers, pipe rack, clock, fire screen, coal hods, carpets, rugs, etc., mahogany chest of games, folding chairs, lamps, engravings, pictures, deer head.

Kitchen Utensils.
Conservatory of Choice Flowers.
Coal Oil Stove, English Lawn Mower

OUTSIDE.

One fine family horse, 1 two-seated wagon, 1 American phaeton, 1 buggy, saddle, harness, lamps, garden hose.

Sale will take place on Tuesday, May 29th, 1894, at 11 a.m. Terms cash.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
Auctioneer.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Montreal.	
Allan Line, Numidian	June 2
Allan Line, Sardinian	June 9
Dominion Line, Labrador	June 2
Dominion Line, Toronto	June 9
Beaver Line, Lake Huron	June 6
Beaver Line, Lake Ontario	June 13
From New York.	
Cunard Line, Lucania	June 2
Cunard Line, Aurania	June 5
White Star Line, Britannic	June 6
White Star Line, Majestic	June 13
American Line, Paris	June 6
American Line, Berlin	June 13
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Saale	June 2
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Trave	June 5
Red Star Line, Westernland	June 6
Anchor Line, Ethiopia	June 2
Anchor Line, Furnessia	June 9
Allan State Line, California	June 8
Allan State Line, Nebraska	June 22

Saloon fares from $40 to $90 according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $30 to $40. Steerage, $14 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts.

The Northern Pacific Enquiry.

New York, May 19.—Ex-Director Haggin, of the Northern Pacific railway, was the first witness to-day. He knew absolutely nothing about how the Chicago terminals or the Northern Pacific and Manitoba roads were acquired. He was not present at the meeting which paid $200,000 for one-sixth interest in the Rocky Fork Coal Co. He went into it because he thought he could find coal that he could use in his smelters at Anaconda. On cross-examination he said he invested in the mines solely for the purpose of getting coal for his own use. During the time the witness was in the [illegible] financial business of the company.

CHOLERA CORRALLED

The Dreaded Scourge Traced to Its Birth Place

IN FETID JUNGLES OF GANGES DELTA

Outcome of the International Conference at Paris—Filthy Mussulman Habits Responsible for Cholera's Spread—England and Greece From the Sanitary Standpoint.

New York, May 19.—At the missionary meeting in the chapel of Calvary Baptist church last night Dr. Stephen Smith, one of the American delegates to the international sanitary conference at Paris, talked of the work of the conference and the plans made to prevent the spread of cholera. Dr. Smith's co-delegates were Dr. Shakespeare of Philadelphia, who was the diplomat, and Dr. Ballache. Dr. Smith recently reported the results of the conference to President Cleveland, who appointed the delegates, and who takes a lively interest in the aims of the conference.

The object of the conference was to formulate rules which, when signed by all ogvernments, would become international laws on the subject of controlling cholera and its souces. Dr. Smith gave a history of cholera, dating from 1817, when it was first recognized by the medical profession. Such a disease had been epidemic for centuries. The outbreak was in the delta of the Ganges, on the Sunderbunds, a place favorable for its propagation, and it has been said in every case cholera can be traced to Mussulmans on the banks of the Ganges.

No disease has been the subject of so much theoretical speculation by scientists. It was first remarked that it followed the great routes of travel, notably those of pilgrims. Some believe that it was due to meteorological conditions, others to "ground water," but very early in its history it was suspected that it was something carried around by a person or in clothes that was its origin. Many tried to discover what it was, and some came very near finding out.

It remained for Koch to discover the "coma" bacillus, how to cultivate it, and to learn its method of life and to fix what cholera is and on what it depends, "although," added Dr. Smith, "one member of the Paris commission still believes in the meteorological theory."

Natives in India long ago believed in a shot gun policy, such as was in vogue in the Southern States in yellow fever time, a policy of non-intercourse. This proved salutary, and was followed by quarantine, which in the fourteenth century was adopted by Venetians because of the plagues that came of their intercourse with Asiatics and Mussulmans. This sequestration was for forty days, and the term gave the precautions its name.

Quarantine became generally popular all over the world, but England found it interfered with her commerce, and while she was strict in her own islands she objected to it elsewhere. But she had clean towns and an admirable sanitary system. Greece had dirty towns and no such system, and one of her delegates at the conference aptly said:

"We cannot keep our towns clean, but in forty years we have had quarantine and no cholera."

England has spent £80,000,000 in local sanitation in ten years, and the theory there seems to be, "Let the cholera come; we can easily stamp it out." The general and better system, Dr. Smith said, was to unite all countries against a common enemy, and not to let a person or baggage leave a port or station unless free of contagion. France called the conference just held, and the question whether cholera could be prevented from getting out of India appears to have been settled. It will take a year to decide the programme, but the general scheme is as follows:

Every pilgrim must have a sanitary pass before he can travel; such pass must establish that he is healthy, has money for himself and has provided for the family left behind. This does away with the old and poor pilgrims, who were ready to die by the way or at Mecca. At Bombay the pilgrim must pass the period of incubation five days, he must be bathed and disinfected and have his clothing overhauled, and he can only embark on a pilgrim ship the sanitation of which is perfect, and the regulation attendance, surveillance and system of isolation and nursing of which meet the necessities of the plan. At Aden, the island of Camaran, Jeddo, the pilgrim will encounter proper sanitary treatment and safeguards. The same rules are to apply to the other routes for pilgrims and caravans. When he returns he must have a sanitary passport and submit to constant surveillance and sanitation.

The American delegates, like some others, could not sign the rules, but accepted them ad referendum. A proposition to appoint an international commission to enforce the rule was adopted. The question of regulating the movement of emigrants to the United States is under advisement, and a convention will probably be called to discuss it.

"If," said Dr. Smith in conversation, "rules are framed for this, cholera and other diseases must stay at home."

The Breckinridge Boycott.

Louisville, Ky., May 19.—The women of Versailles will not patronize any merchant who is a sympathizer with Breckinridge. Judge George B. Kinkead of Lexington has declined the call to enter the race against Col. Breckinridge.

A Gigantic Landslide.

Cincinnati, May 19.—An immense sec-[illegible] hill in the east end, extending from McMillan to Columbia avenues and from Broad street east 700 to 800 feet. Twenty or more houses are in peril. The slide started about five years ago, but was checked at the time. The earth has broken anew within the past few days, and each day increases the speed of the movement. The earth in places is bunched into large flakes, containing tons upon tons, which move clear from the bottom to the top of the hill. It has almost blocked Columbia avenue, and will within the next few days destroy the street unless something is done to check its course. Gas posts erected within a few days ago have been almost covered by the mass of earth and stone which has forced its way down the hill, carrying everything before it.

CANADA'S INFLUENCE.

The London Times Predicts Great Things for the Dominion.

London, May 19.—The Times comments editorially this morning on a series of articles concerning Canada which it has published recently. The writer says:

"It seems manifest that of the large problems on the successful solution of which the future of the British empire will depend, there are very few which are not more or less directly illustrated by Canadian experience and the probable solutions that Canada will find, whether for good or evil, largely affect the organic structure of the empire. It is certain that the influence of Canada on the international relations of Great Britain and the United States has tended more than anything else to a peaceful settlement by arbitration of questions which under less favorable conditions might have proved untractable to diplomacy. It is not perhaps altogether fanciful to surmise the beneficent results achieved in this direction, and possibly they will be the germ of future developments almost too vast and far-reaching for the political imagination of living men to conceive. What may be the future of Canada's relations to the United States on the one hand and to Great Britain on the other no man can yet say, but none can doubt the problem here propounded is big with the fate of untold generations."

The Times says the best friends of Canada prefer the avoidance of the feverish haste which was predominant in the growth of the Western States.

"Canada," continues the Times, "should be spared the evils of unnatural inflation, depression and revolt brought on by the excessive massing of the population. The present measured progress will best fit her to take a place of increasing influence in the empire from which she cannot be scared without results incalculably hazardous to herself and the empire."

The paper suggests that some Canadian should be made a member of the judicial committee of the privy council, perhaps Sir John Thompson, should he ever withdraw from public life. The Times also suggests that the Canadian high commissioner, Sir Charles Tupper, should be made an ex-officio member of the privy council.

During the session yesterday of the miners' international conference Delegate Cowey, a Yorkshire miner, introduced a resolution advocating a general legal eight hours of labor per day for all countries represented at the congress. Mr. Cowey declared a successful issue of the matter in question would soon be secured by the pressure of public opinion, and that capitalists will soon adapt themselves to the new condition. Delegate Young, on behalf of the Durham miners, moved an amendment that legislators be not empowered to fix the hours for labor, as it would be an encroachment upon the liberties of the working men. German, Belgian and French delegates supported Mr. Cowey's motion, and it was adopted by a vote of 76 to 10. The majority of this vote represented 1,050,000 miners. A motion extending the eight-hour day to surface men was also adopted. A resolution to prohibit female labor in the interior of mines and on the surface was unanimously adopted. The resolution applies to all countries. All the Austrian strikes are virtually ended. The bricklayers have returned to work, and only 5,000 of the Ostrau strikers are still idle. The workingmen lost everywhere.

Rome, May 19.—During hearing today in the trial of President Taulongo of the Bank of Rome, for embezzlement, and while Bank Inspector Biagini was testifying, ex-Minister of Finance Micelli called him a liar and sprang at the witness' throat. An uproar followed which could not be quelled, and the court adjourned.

ASTONISHING DECLINE.

Exports and Imports Show an Extraordinary Falling Off.

Ottawa, May 19.—Trade returns show a big decline for April. Goods exported showed about $200,000 less than the same month for the previous year. Goods entered for consumption showed a decline of over $1,200,000, and there was a decrease of duty collected of over $200,000.

The Arawa Coming.

Sydney, N. S. W., May 19.—The Canadian-Australian steamship Arawa sailed for Victoria this morning.

Opening the Great Canal.

Manchester, May 19.—Preparations for the reception of the Queen on the opening of the Manchester ship canal, May 21st, are completed. The Queen will be received by the mayor, escorted to the town hall, and will subsequently embark on the yacht Enchantress, and after a short trip through the canal will declare it open. Elaborate ceremonies will be conducted in connection with the event.

European.

Belgrade, May 19.—A conspiracy to overthrow the Servian government and place the pretender, Prince Kaarageorgewitch, on the throne, has been discovered.

Paris, May 19.—The socialists have decided to celebrate the anniversary of the [illegible] of the communists of 1871. No red flags will be displayed.

Paris, May 19.—The police have discovered a plot to explode a bomb in the building in which the guillotine is stored.

Buenos Ayres, May 19.—A cabinet crisis is imminent. The opposition party allege that the present ministry was nominated by ex-President Pellegrini.

FOR LACK OF COAL.

Several Establishments in Eastern Canada

COMPELLED TO CEASE OPERATIONS

Dashing Capture of Desperate Smugglers—Hooper's Consuming Anxiety—Fooling With Dynamite Cartridge—Great Chess Championship Match—Lasker to Win One Game.

Brantford, Ont., May 19.—As a result of the scarcity of coal, the Grand Trunk works were shut down here last night, throwing 350 men out of employment until the strike is over. The Massey-Harris people and the Waterous Engine works have coal on hand until July 1st, but they say they will have to close if the Grand Trunk railway cannot handle their shipments.

Quebec, May 19.—The smuggler, Steadfast, is a prize to the revenue officers and now lies in Quebec harbor. Her crew made a desperate resistance against capture and blood was shed. On Wednesday evening at seven the revenue cruiser Constance sighted the schooner and made chase, overhauled the Steadfast and sent a boat aboard. The smugglers resisted capture and a couple of the revenue cutter's sailors were more or less cut and hurt. Five men were found on board the schooner, and these were overpowered. The cargo of alcohol, rum and brandy seized is worth $5000. Captain Blouin and one Laberge, with the other three men who made up the crew, were taken prisoners to Quebec along with the captured schooner.

Three Rivers, Que., May 19.—J. R. Hooper is counting the days that still have to be passed before his trial takes place. Very little is heard of his trial in the city, and apart from the interest taken in it by those directly interested, not a word is heard of it. It will take place on June 1st. Hooper is looking much better and is gaining in flesh. He occupies himself with his hobby—postage stamps—and takes exercise regularly in the yard. He expresses the opinion that no jury will convict him of a crime of which he is not guilty, and for which there is no direct proof.

Renfrew, Ont., May 19.—Rev. Brother Mondolof, of the La Salle institute here, took a dynamite cartridge from a pupil who was throwing it around carelessly. On examining it with a penknife the cartridge exploded and injured his left hand in such a manner that it was necessary to amputate the thumb and second finger.

Hamilton, Ont., May 19.—On account of the scarcity of coal the Gurney-Tilden stove company will close at the end of this week. They have about three weeks' supply of coal on hand, and this will be reserved for rush orders. About two hundred men will be affected. Several other manufacturing institutions in the city are considering the advisability of taking similar action.

Montreal, May 19.—Play in the great chess contest was resumed at three this afternoon in the Cosmopolitan club. It may be that this will be the last meeting and this game may decide the championship. Lasker has now but one game to win, while Steinitz must win six to regain the championship. Already other matches are spoken of. Steinitz' friends have not lost faith in their favorite, and are willing to back him in a return match. Again there are rumors of offers to match Lasker and Pillsbury. Something definite will no doubt be announced after the close of to-day's game.

DESTRUCTIVE STORMS.

Buildings Blown Down in London, Ont.—Schooners Wrecked.

London, May 19.—The heaviest storms in years broke over this city yesterday. The Morgan house, two dwellings and two barns were struck by lightning and a farmer outside the city had a cow killed by the electric fluid. The inmates of the house escaped. A deluge of rain fell and considerable damage was done by the flooding of cellars.

Port Huron, Mich., May 19.—In an attempt by the tug Thompson to rescue the crew of the schooner Shupe, ashore above Point Sanilac, four of the rescuers were drowned. Only two of the crew of the schooner are to be seen in the rigging.

The tug Viola succeeded in getting within shouting distance of the men on the Lakeview crib to-day. It was learned that the crib is in no danger. It is impossible, however, to get the men off.

A lumber vessel that had ridden the storm out arrived to-day and showed evidence of having had a rough time. A schooner, supposed to be the Goodman, with seven men on board, went ashore to-day. Life savers are trying to rescue the crew.

Traders' Bank Suspends Again.

Tacoma, Wash., May 19.—The Traders' Bank of Tacoma suspended payment this morning and a receiver has been appointed. The bank re-opened a few months ago under the most favorable auspices, paying all the demands of depositors before the first suspension in the fall, and this created much confidence in the bank. It is said, however, all depositors will be paid, the bank merely liquidating before going out of business.

Many Lives in Danger.

Chicago, May 19.—The wind was blowing forty-eight miles an hour on the lake this morning, but it has changed to the north, and there is not much fear of further wrecks. During the recent gale several hundred persons were in [illegible] ten women and twenty-seven men passed last night drenched and wave-beaten in the one mile crib at Lakeview. It is thought the men are safe, but thus far it has been found impossible to reach them. Twenty passed the night on the two cribs off Sixty-eighth street tunnel. They are believed to be safe.

BY A SWEEPING MAJORITY.

Green, Worlock and Co. Creditors Express Their Wishes Unmistakably.

A Large Majority Pronounce in Favor of Mr. Beaven's Appointment.

The creditors of Green, Worlock & Co. met yesterday afternoon in the Board of Trade rooms and passed resolutions endorsing the action of the former meeting called by Mr. Noah Shakespeare, at which a petition was framed asking the court to erase the names of Trustees Coltart and Heisterman and substitute that of Hon. Robert Beaven.

Yesterday's meeting was called by the trustees and, as the advertisement stated, to ascertain what may be the wish of a majority of the creditors.

The hour of the meeting was placed at 3, but it was after 4 when Mr. Waller was called by the chair.

The chairman opened by saying that the trustees might have got the meeting together with a little more despatch, and the meeting lose no more time and at once get to work.

Trustee Coltart then stepped forward. He reviewed the whole affair since the appointment of trustees, and said that at a meeting held in March confidence had been expressed in the trustees. He had never wished to act in opposition to the creditors, and had not sought his appointment as an assignee. He now begged to tender his resignation.

Mr. Wilson objected to the acceptance of Mr. Coltart's resignation, saying that this was done to forestall the act of the court. Mr. Coltart was out of order.

Trustee Yates said the resignation was not a question of forestalling anything, but was simply to act in harmony with a suggestion of the court. The solicitors on both sides had seen the judge, and he expressed approval of such a meeting. The meeting had been called to let the court see what number of creditors wished to discontinue the services of Messrs. Heisterman and Coltart.

Mr. Wilson said he questioned whether Mr. Smith, who was the petitioner, knew anything of the action of the solicitors. What Judge Walkem asked was for the trustees to prepare an affidavit for presentation to the court, and this meeting would be their affidavit. (Hear, hear.)

A voice: "You bet it will."

Mr. Shakespeare suggested that the resignation of Mr. Coltart be laid aside.

The meeting here was reminded by the chairman that there was no secretary, and Mr. Brown was appointed.

Mr. Smith said he had no knowledge of any arrangements between his solicitor and the solicitor for the trustees. (Cheers).

Mr. Fell said it was not customary for solicitors to run after their clients—(laughter)—over every small turn they made.

Mr. Shakespeare asked under what act the meeting was called.

Mr. Yates replied that it was under no particular act.

Mr. Kinsman said they would not receive Mr. Coltart's resignation; it was now too late to resign.

Mr. Shakespeare moved, seconded by Levi W. Myers, that, "Whereas the unsecured creditors are the only ones whose interests will be affected by the further mismanagement on the part of the trustees, therefore be it resolved that upon any motion having for its object the continuance of the present trustees in their office the votes of the unsecured creditors only be recorded."

Trustee Yates said the better way to do was to keep the votes of the secured and of unsecured creditors separate; the court would then have a better idea.

Mr. Shakespeare objected to secured creditors voting. It was an easy matter to send the names of secured creditors and the sums which their names represented to the court.

Mr. Wilson asked, when a man was fully secured what anxiety had he? Mr. Yates was very open to-day. He had not been so at previous meetings.

Trustee Yates replied that the secured creditors voted only on the amount of unpaid balance due them.

Mr. Myers here asked if there were two chairmen. Mr. Yates was standing by the side of the chair, and they seemed both to take a hand in the conduct of the meeting.

Chairman Waller replied that he had granted Mr. Yates the privilege of standing near the chair. (Cheers and laughter).

Mr. Fell asked that the words "further mismanagement" be erased from the resolution. These words suggested an insult to Mr. Beaven, if he were appointed to the board.

Mr. Wilson told Mr. Fell not to mind Mr. Beaven, but to take care of himself.

Mr. Fell said it was plain that certain persons came to the meeting to grunt and growl and to turn it into a bear garden.

The motion was put and carried by a show of hands, only four being raised against, three of whom were secured creditors.

Mr. Shakespeare then addressed the meeting and stated that the trustees having called it, they should bring in some resolution. The trustees had treated the creditors with utter contempt; they made themselves the masters, although they were but the servants of the creditors. The wording of the resolution was hardly strong enough. The trustees had employed these men at the bank and now there were eight people winding up a two-penny-half-penny institution. Did any business man think that it required so many men to do the work? The placing in of these men was in contravention of the wishes of creditors expressed in meeting.

Chairman Waller asked, had not the assignees been given 3 per cent. to pay all expenses?

Mr. Shakespeare said the trouble was that they had not accepted that proposition. The trustees in fact had never been employed by the creditors, and yet they were handling the money of creditors.

Mr. Myers said the notice calling the meeting stated it was to deal with the action of the creditors' meeting held on April 27 in the Y. M. C. A. hall. The very best thing the meeting could do would be simply to pass a resolution endorsing such action. He moved, seconded by John Kinsman, "That this meeting approve of the resolution passed at the meeting of creditors held on April 27, 1894, authorizing Wm. Smyth to apply to the courts for the removal of Messrs. Heisterman and Coltart and the appointment of Hon. R. Beaven in their stead."

Mr. Wilson objected to the $32,000 to the credit of Mrs. Green in trust for her children be voted upon. It was disputed whether the money was not the money of the creditors, and until the court decided that it was not fair that the vote should be cast either way.

Mr. Yates in answer to a question said that Mr. Fell represented that sum and that it counted 135 votes.

It was decided that Mr. Fell should be allowed to cast the vote of 35, but that a note should be taken of it. Mr. Fell had 43 votes altogether, 35 of which represented the disputed claim.

Four scrutineers were appointed and the votes of all those who voted in the affirmative were first collected, and afterwards the nays were taken up.

Mr. Smith, representing the B. C. Corporation Company and Mr. Gillespie, representing Wells Fargo & Co., refrained from voting, in accordance with the first resolution.

The vote stood ayes, 433; nays, 204. Majority in favor of the resolution, 229. The result was received with cheers and stamping of feet.

Mr. Yates was instructed to make affidavit to that effect, and Secretary Brown initialled the ballot.

Mr. Smith and Mr. Gillespie here left the room but deposited their voting subject to objection. The total vote of those two gentlemen was 44, which if taken from the 229 majority, leaves a majority over even secured creditors of 185.

Mr. Shakespeare moved, seconded by A. Wilson, that in the opinion of this meeting, three per cent. is ample compensation for the assignees; this amount to cover all clerical expenses as well.

Mr. Shakespeare said this was simply a repetition of a motion taken at a former meeting, but it was well to get it passed again.

The resolution was carried. Mr. Shakespeare then said one man could not serve two masters and though he had nothing to say against Mr. Fell yet he thought his position an anomaly. He moved, seconded by Consul Myers, that in the opinion of this meeting it is not desirable that Mr. Fell should be continued as solicitor for the assignees.

Mr. Hayward objected to the resolution, it being out of order, the meeting being called for a specific purpose.

Chairman Waller agreed but said there was nothing to prevent the passing of as many resolutions as they wished.

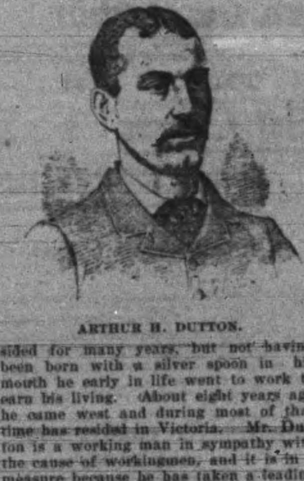
Mr. Fell said he had no desire to represent the assignees but he thought that out of courtesy the question should be left to the assignees. It was nothing to him. As to the question of the $32,000 when that came up in the court he would have nothing to do with it one way or the other.

The meeting adjourned at 6.

THE LABOR CANDIDATE.

Arthur H. Dutton, Nominee of the Trades and Labor Council.

The nominee of the trades and labor council as a candidate for the legislature in Victoria, Arthur Howard Dutton, is a Canadian having been born in Burford, County of Brant, Ont., some 33 years ago. Mr. Dutton went to school in Ingersoll, where his parents resided for many years, but not having been born with a silver spoon in his mouth he early in life went to work to earn his living. About eight years ago he came west and during most of that time has resided in Victoria. Mr. Dutton is a working man in sympathy with the cause of workingmen, and it is in a measure because he has taken a leading part in advocating the claims of his comrades for fairer treatment at the hands of employers that he has been selected as the representative of that interest. Mr. Dutton is a very fair speaker and will be heard from on the platform before the election is over. As one of the opposition ticket he will probably be elected. Undoubtedly he will bring to the party with which he is allied the sympathy and co-operation of the most powerful combination in the city—organized labor.



ARTHUR H. DUTTON.

KEEP THE BABIES

Free From Summer Complaints.

Lactated Food Saves and Protects Them.

Mothers, are you properly fortifying and building up the physical condition of your babies, so that they may be fitted to withstand the effects of the coming hot weather?

Summer, with its terrible spells of heat, is a dangerous time for the young infant. Diarrhoea, dysentery and cholera infantum do a terrible and deadly work in the infantile ranks.

The babies cut down are usually the weak, puny, cross and sleepless ones. They are out of condition owing to imperfect dieting—being fed with foods that cannot be assimilated easily, and that destroy the organs of digestion.

Babies nourished on health-giving Lactated Food are always happy, strong and bright; and escape all the evils and dangers of the hot weather. Mothers who use common prepared foods for their infants are subjecting the little ones to terrible risks, and are directly responsible for their lives. When Lactated Food is baby's regular diet mothers need have no anxiety or fears; life is made pleasant for the mother, and the growth, health and future of baby is assured.

GREAT HURRICANES.

Northern Ohio Visited by Furious Destructive Storms.

Toledo, May 18.—That section of North Ohio between Kunkel and Montpelier on the Detroit division of the Wabash railroad was visited by a cyclone late yesterday afternoon. All modes of communication have been interrupted, but from the meagre reports which have straggled in it is already learned that twelve persons have met their death, that from a dozen to twenty were injured and that much property was destroyed. Three women are badly hurt. The cyclone was felt more at a point three miles from Kunkel and five miles from Montpelier. The day had been unusually warm up to four o'clock, and thunder storms seemed imminent. Towards five o'clock the sky appeared very dark; mot- [illegible] zenith. There was scarcely a breath of air, and the heat was unbearable. The climax came with unexpected and awe-inspiring swiftness. Two dark clouds seemed to unite in the west, and the wind blew a hurricane and drove terror into the hearts of the thoroughly terrorized country people. A great many thought the judgment day had come, and the story is told that one man who was hurt by being buried in the debris of an outhouse while on his knees praying. Giant trees snapped like alders in the grasp of the conflicting elements and were carried hundreds of feet from where they stood. Roofs of houses and barns were lifted as though they were so many shingles and scattered over three townships.

The section devastated is about a quarter of a mile wide and six or seven miles in length. The great funnel-shaped cloud travelled in an irregular southerly course. Houses, barns, fences, trees and obstructions in the course of the storm were carried away and nothing was left to mark where they stood except holes in the ground. The greatest damage was done about a mile from where the cyclone rose and passed on east. The building in which Daniel Barrett, his wife and their two granddaughters were killed was literally demolished and not even a portion of the foundation was left standing. George Oxinger, a hired man of Barrett's, who was in the field ploughing, saw the storm coming and started for the barn. He succeeded in getting the horses in and started for the house, which was about ten rods distant from the barn and exactly in line with the storm. Witnesses say that the man was lifted from the ground and whirled into the air at least a hundred feet, together with timbers, fences, trees and other debris scooped up in the rolling avalanche. Oxinger's lifeless body was found about one hundred rods from where he was lifted in the air. His bones protruded from the flesh and his body indicates that he came in contact with many of the flying trees and beams. James Whittle, another farm hand in the employ of Mr. Barrett, had a most miraculous escape. He was in a field with a team in company with Oxinger, and when the storm came on he also started for the barn. To the fact that his team became unmanageable and broke away from him he probably owes his life. When the team broke away from him he started diagonally across for the house, but he had just reached a rail fence when the storm struck the barn and he fell down upon his face, grasping the bottom rail of the fence with all his might. The fence was completely demolished, but the prostrate man was unharmed. Just across the road from the Barrett residence stood a log building occupied by Charles Cole and his wife. They took refuge in the rear of the house, which was almost entirely demolished. They were carried a distance of one hundred yards. Cole's left hip was broken and he was otherwise bruised. His wife is badly bruised about the head, the skull near the left ear being crushed. Cole's team, which was hitched near the house, was killed.

St. Paul, May 18.—Half a million dollars will scarcely cover the damage done by the great storm in Minnesota and Western Wisconsin. The downpour of rain was the greatest ever known in this section of the Northwest, and in many places was as destructive as a waterspout.

EUROPEAN MINERS' CONGRESS.

There Was Very Little Harmony in Harmony Hall Yesterday.

Berlin, May 18.—The international congress of miners, in Harmony Hall, was on the verge of riot throughout to-day's session. The trouble was due to the differences of opinion between the English and continental delegates and the arbitrary ruling of Chairman Wilson in favor of his own countrymen. The English delegates eventually withdrew in a body, leaving the other delegates to continue the congress without them. Much bad feeling was shown when Delegates Callewertz and Marville of Belgium introduced a resolution declaring the owners of mines are liable for damages in the event of injury to their employes while in the performance of their duty. The resolution was hotly debated, the English delegates opposing it, and it was finally adopted by a good majority. A resolution was offered by the English delegates demanding that employers shall not reduce the wages of their employes until representatives of the workmen have inspected the books of the employers and ascertained that the mines are yielding no profit. The resolution was adopted. The German delegates submitted a proposal looking to the legal establishment of a minimum rate of wages paid to miners. This in turn was opposed by the English. Chairman Wilson decided that the solid vote of the English delegates, representing 525,000 miners, must be regarded as a majority over the vote of about twice as many continental delegates representing but 462,000 miners. The announcement of this ruling was received with howling and shouts of protest in three languages.

The congress proceeded from one scene of disorder to another. The delegates of the British Miners' Confederation proposed in the confusion that the congress pass a resolution in favor of over production by limiting the output. The majority of the delegates voted against the resolution. The English miners voted unanimously for it and Chairman Wilson declared it carried. Bedlam broke loose the moment he made the announcement. The German and French delegates sprang to their feet and shrieked and gesticulated, denouncing Wilson and his rulings with all the vehemence of two languages. German delegate Schroeder ran forward, mounted a chair, and with motions towards the French, Germans and Austrians, shouted above the din: "Why should the representatives of the great nations let themselves be bullied and domineered over by these English? Better be honest or out with them!" Some Belgians and Frenchmen became so excited that after exhausting themselves in denunciations they burst into tears. Calvignac, the celebrated miner Mayor of Carmaux, sprang to the chair and while roaring his protests banged the table with both fists until the pitcher and glasses crashed down on the floor. Whitefield, an English delegate, took advantage of a slight lull to characterize Calvignac's behavior as disgraceful and unworthy of a delegate. He was howled down before he could say more.

Chairman Wilson, after many vain efforts, secured a hearing long enough for him to propose that the congress close, as the English delegates must leave this evening. His subsequent remarks were drowned with ironical laughter and such shouts as "O! then, let them get out!" "We can proceed without them!" Calvignac and Lamentine proposed that the congress declare the conduct of the English delegates in deserting the congress, after trying to stop debate, to be shameful and inexcusable. Mr. Wilson then left the chair, and with his English colleagues left Harmony Hall, without saying a word in response to the derisive cheers and laughter of the other delegates.

DON'T LET ANOTHER WASH-DAY GO BY WITHOUT USING

YOU will find that it will do what no other soap can do, and will please you every way.

It is Easy, Clean, and Economical to wash with this soap.

SUNLIGHT SOAP

GIVEN ONE MONTH TO LIVE.

The Wonderful Story of a Johnville, Que., Miller—Attacked with Inflammatory Rheumatism and Paralysis—How He Found a Cure After Hope Had Been Abandoned.

There are few men, says the Sherbrooke Gazette, more widely known in this section than Mr. A. T. Hopkins, of Johnville, Que. Previous to his removal to Johnville Mr. Hopkins resided at Windsor Mills, and was for three years a member of the municipal council of that place. When a young man Mr. Hopkins was noted for his strength and for his activity as a wrestler. His strength stands him in good stead, for he works hard at his business, carrying heavy sacks of flour in his mill for many hours during the day. Active as he is, there was a time not long distant when he was as helpless as an infant and suffered intolerable agony. About three years ago he was attacked by inflammatory rheumatism. It grew worse and worse until, in spite of medical prescriptions, after a year's illness he had a stroke of paralysis. His right arm and right leg became quite useless. Sores broke out on both legs. He suffered excruciating agony, and had rest neither day nor night. He sought the best medical advice, but no hopes were held out to him by the physicians. "He will certainly die within a month," one well known practitioner told his friends. "He will be a cripple for life," said two other doctors. It is no wonder that, as he says, life became a burden to him and he longed for death to relieve him from his sufferings. He heard of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and determined to try them. He did so, and before long he was able to take outdoor exercise. He persevered with the treatment, and is to-day nearly as strong as when a young man, and he is able to follow successfully the laborious calling by which he gets a living. Such was the wonderful story told the Gazette by Mr. Hopkins, who attributes his recovery solely to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and he is willing to satisfy any person who may call on him as to their wonderful effects. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills strike at the root of the disease, driving it from the system and restoring the patient to health and strength. In cases of paralysis, spinal troubles, locomotor ataxia, sciatica, rheumatism, erysipelas, scrofulous troubles, etc., these pills are superior to all other treatment. They are also a specific for the troubles which make the lives of so many women a burden, and speedily restore the rich glow of health to sallow cheeks. Men broken down by over work, worry or excesses, will find in Pink Pills a certain cure. Sold by all dealers, or sent by mail, post paid, at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y. Beware of imitations and substitutes alleged to be "just as good."

RECORD BREAKERS.

Frank Brown Says Dodd's Kidney Pills Give Universal Satisfaction—The Reason Is They Never Fail to Cure.

Shelburne, May 14.—Frank Brown, the well known druggist here, says: "In the past eighteen months I have sold 119 dozen of Dodd's Kidney Pills. Considering the quantity I have sold, I have had an opportunity of discovering whether the pills give satisfaction or not. I can say that during my fifteen years' experience in the drug business I never sold a medicine that gives the universal satisfaction that Dodd's Kidney Pills do. I am satisfied any person suffering from kidney troubles only requires to give Dodd's Kidney Pills a fair trial and he will be convinced of their wonderful curative properties.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Miscellaneous.

If there is one thing characteristic of the Japanese it is their love for flowers. No house in Japan so small but has its little landscape garden, if only in the back yard; and no inn so humble but can find a flower to brighten the room of every guest. The love of animals, though not perhaps quite so conspicuous, is nevertheless sufficiently obvious.

A Boon to Horsemen.—One bottle of English Spavin Liniment completely removed a curb from my horse. I take pleasure in recommending the remedy, as it acts with mysterious promptness in the removal from horses of hard, soft or calloused lumps, blood spavin, splints, curbs, sweeny, stifles and sprains. George Robb, Farmer, Markham, Ont. Sold by Geo. Morrison.

The first roads in America were built by the Indians in their tribal communications, in trips to their hunting grounds, and later, in visits to the trading posts of white men. In hilly and mountainous regions these trails were directed over the high grounds or the passes through them, and thence to the fordable places in streams, or else they followed the summits of mountain ranges or the valleys lying between them.

Sunken eyes, a pallid complexion, and disfiguring eruptions, indicate that there is something wrong within. Expel the lurking foe to health, by purifying the blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Cures Erysipelas, Eczema, Salt-Rheum, Pimples, and Blotches.

Rheumatism cured in a day.—South American Rheumatic Cure for Rheumatism and neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose generally benefits. 75 cents. Sold by Geo. Morrison.

A novel story of the late Sir Richard Owen is just going the rounds. A snake-charmer at Cairo, reckoning without his host, appeared before Sir Richard to go through a deadly performance with a cerastes—the horned asp. The reptile was placed on the ground. Owen looked at it a moment, then stepped forward and picked it up. Before the luckless performer could interpose the savant plucked from its head its projecting horns, which, on closer inspection, proved to be fish-bones. The fakir was somewhat disconcerted at the rapid unveiling of an actually harmless animal, and the entertainment was withdrawn.—London Figaro.

Mr. F. V. Warmoll
Toronto, Ontario.

A Narrow Escape

Took Poison by Mistake

Bad Effects Entirely Eliminated by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen—In April last, through the effects of a dose of strychnine taken in mistake for another drug, I was laid up in St. John, N. B., for ten days. After this I never seemed to regain my former health, and continually suffered from indigestion and heart palpitation, for which I could get no relief. I thought I would try Hood's Sarsaparilla. After taking one bottle, I felt a little better, so continued using the remedy until I had consumed six bottles. I found myself gaining strength and flesh every day, and am now as healthy as I was before taking the poison." F. V. WARMOLL, representing the Seely Perfumes, 30 Melbourne Avenue, Toronto, Ontario.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, jaundice, biliousness, sick headache, indigestion.

VIGOR OF MEN

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

Weakness Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

$50 REWARD

Will be given to any person or persons giving such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons destroying or injuring the newly planted shade trees in Beacon Hill Park, or wilfully damaging other Corporation property in said Park.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office, 23rd January, 1894. 234

MUNICIPAL.

Assessment notices have this day (April 20th) been posted to all parties assessed for Land and Improvements in the city.

If not delivered at residence please call at postoffice for same.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
City Assessor.

NOTICE.

The Public Library and Reading Room, City Hall, will be closed during repairs until further notice.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., April 23, 1894.

CITY OF VICTORIA.

Court of Revision.

Notice is hereby given that the Court of Revision for the purpose of hearing all complaints against the Assessment of 1894 as made by the Assessor of the City of Victoria will be held at Council Chambers, City Hall, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 30th day of May, 1894, at 10 o'clock a.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
Victoria, B. C., April 23rd, 1894.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR
For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.
Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.
VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE. 133 Government street.
Private entrance on Pandora street. Business strictly confidential. s19-tf

SING KEE,
24 Herald Street. Victoria, B. C.
Intelligence Office.
All kinds of Chinese Labor supplied at shortest notice. Contracts taken. m1-tf

NOTICE—DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing between Samuel Kirschberg and Frederick Landsberg, carrying on business under the name and style of the Victoria Loan Office, at 133 Government street, Victoria, has been dissolved by mutual consent from the date hereof.

Mr. Frederick Landsberg will assume all liabilities and collect all assets of the late firm, and will continue the business on his own account under the name and style of the Victoria Loan Office.

Dated 14th April, 1894.
SAMUEL KIRSCHBERG.
(By his attorney in fact, Frederick Landsberg).
FREDERICK LANDSBERG.
Witness—S. Perry Mills. a24-1m

AGENTS WANTED for DR. A. B. HYDE'S Book, covering a history of Methodism throughout the world, entitled

"THE STORY OF METHODISM,"

Tracing the rise and progress of that wonderful religious movement which, like the Gulf Stream, has given warmth to wide waters and verdure to many lands, and giving an account of its various influences and institutions of to-day. To which is added "The Story of Methodism in the Dominion of Canada," by Rev. Hugh Johnston, M.A., D.D., and "The Story of the Epworth League," by Rev. Joseph F. Berry, D.D. Embellished with nearly six hundred portraits and views, with classified index of nearly 3,000 references. Agents should drop all else and secure territory. Such chances come only once in a lifetime. Extensive territory given; full protection. Go to work now, and you will make money. Territory going rapidly; act now; no capital needed. Write at once for particulars to
WILLIAM BRIGGS, Publisher,
m17-4t Toronto, Ont.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Court for a transfer to Cora M. Tugwell of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the "Prince of Wales" Saloon, situate on the corner of Government and Cormorant street, in the city of Victoria.

JOSEPH MEUNIER.
Victoria, B.C., February 15th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of License Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at the sittings of the Board to be held in June, 1894, for a license to sell by retail wines, spirits, beer and other fermented and intoxicating liquors in and upon the part known as the basement of the building situate upon lots ten (10) and eleven (11), block seventy-seven (77), Victoria City, the Board of Trade Building.

WM. JENSEN.
Dated Victoria, B.C., May 7th, 1894. 30t

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of License Commissioners I shall apply for a transfer of my license to sell wines and liquors by retail at Colonial Hotel, Johnson street to John Slater.

THOS. TUGWELL.
Victoria, B. C., 9th May, 1894.

ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.
ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.
ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.

AUCTION SALES.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
AUCTIONEER.

Preliminary Notice.

Under cable advices from J. H. Innes, Esq., I am instructed to sell by public auction all his

Household Furniture, Etc.

Particulars on Saturday.
JOSHUA DAVIES,
Auctioneer.

AUCTION
OF
2,000 PLANTS

From the conservatory of Mr. J. T. Higgins will take place in our Salesrooms, Broad Street, on MONDAY, MAY 21st, at 2 p.m.
H. CUTHBERT & CO.,
Auctioneers.

THE OPIUM TRADE.

The Probable Effect of the Wilson Bill on Victoria Opium Cookeries.

Custom Officer Van Bokkelen Reports on a Number of Facts and Fancies.

The Seattle Post-Intelligencer in a recent issue contained the following account of the process of "cooking" opium in this province:

In anticipation of the Wilson bill becoming law and thereby lowering the duty on opium from $12 to $6 a pound, ten opium factories or "cookeries" in British Columbia have ceased operations. The industry in that particular line is about paralyzed, so to speak, and the four factories now running employ less than one-half the number of cooks formerly employed. On March 1 there were about 15 tons of prepared opium stored in the warehouses in British Columbia ready for the market. The merchants, however, hope to dispose of their stock before the passage of the new law. They fully realize that if the duty is lowered to $6 a pound their product will be practically shut out of the American markets for the reason that they cannot successfully compete, either as to quality or price, with the manufacturers of China. In Macoa and Hong Kong, the big opium manufacturing centres of China, the actual cost of refining one five-tael can of opium, which contains 6 ounces, is $1.75. In British Columbia the same article costs not less than $3, and the flavor and quality is much inferior to that of the Orient. The water and atmospheric conditions of China appear to be better adapted to cooking or refining opium than on the Pacific coast.

A fact about the consumption of opium in the United States is that when the tariff was $6 a pound nearly twice the amount of opium was imported and paid duty as when the duty was $10 and $12 a pound. From 1880 to 1883, a period of nearly four years, while the duty was $6 a pound, the same as proposed in the Wilson bill, 500,000 pounds were imported to the Pacific coast, on which a duty of $3,000,000 was paid, averaging $750,000 a year. From 1883 to 1890 the duty was raised to $10 a pound, and there was 414,000 pounds imported, from which the government collected a custom tax of $4,175,000, or $600,000 a year. Since the enactment of the McKinley law in 1890 the duty has been and is $12 a pound on crude and refined opium containing less than 9 per cent. of morphia. During that period 190,000 pounds was shipped into the United States, the duties aggregating $2,250,000, and the annual import was 63,000 pounds a year, which netted an annual revenue of $750,000, thus it is apparent that under the low tariff more than double the amount of opium was shipped into this country than during the periods of high tariff, but the government did not receive any more revenue.

Under the present law the manufacturers in China are able in a measure to successfully compete with British Columbia factories after paying a duty of $12 a pound and allowing the latter the benefit of avoiding the duty tax by smuggling their product into the United States. The China exporters manufacture a superior quality of opium and pay the duty and retail it in the San Francisco market at $15.50 a pound. Only twice in the history of the Puget Sound customs district, once in 1888 and once in January last, was opium regularly imported through the customs house, and then in small quantities, although it is a well known fact that hundreds of tons have been smuggled across the boundary line. The British Columbia factories depend solely on smugglers to get their product into the American markets. The United States government prohibits foreigners from engaging in the manufacture of opium, and also imposes an internal tax of $10 a pound. This, together with the duty of $12 a pound on crude opium, entirely wipes out the profits in domestic manufacture. The average quality of opium in Victoria and vicinity cannot be purchased for less than $6.80 a pound; add to this the cost of transportation to San Francisco, the opium-consuming centre of the United States, a reasonable rate for probable loss by seizure or theft, and a profit of say $2 a pound for the smuggler and it will be apparent that British Columbia opium placed on the market in California cannot be sold for less than $12 a pound. Imported China opium retails for $3.50 more a pound, and on account of its age and superior flavor is much preferred to the other qualities. Opium is similar to whiskey—it improves with age. Chinese will gladly pay an extra fancy price for opium more than ten years old. The manufacturers in China are immensely rich, and they gauge their output by the demand, always keeping a large stock on hand, that it may increase in value as it ages.

The tariff in British Columbia on crude opium is $1 a pound and on refined opium $5. In February, when the house passed the Wilson bill, several Chinese merchants in Victoria became frightened and shipped back to China 65 cases of crude opium, each case containing 160 pounds. One firm in that city, up to last February, made a specialty of shipping prepared opium to Toronto, Canada, averaging from one thousand pounds to a ton each month. This opium [illegible] its way into the United States. Customs officers have learned of several instances where opium was shipped to eastern Canada, smuggled into the United States and then shipped back to San Francisco.

J. A. Van Bokkelen, of Port Townsend, formerly a customs inspector, who was for a long time stationed at Vancouver, B. C., investigated the subject of opium manufacture in British Columbia and submitted a synopsis of his researches to the treasury department. His report was very exhaustive, dealing with the question in all its phases and showing the enormous quantities of the drug manufactured in that province and the profits in the business of smuggling. Following is a tabular statement he prepared, showing the factories and number of cooks employed Oct. 1st, 1893, and March 1st, 1894:

Firm	Annual Capacity, lbs.	Number of Employees	
		Oct. 1, 1893.	Mar. 1, 1894.
Tai Yuen & Co., Victoria....	31,500	14	10
Kwong Man Fung, Victoria	15,66[illegible]	7	2
Lai Hop, Victoria	13,500	6	..
Sing Kee, Victoria........	9,000	4	..
Kwong Yuen Tai, Victoria..	15,000	7	..
Kwong On Lung, Victoria	15,[illegible]	7	..
King Tai, Victoria........	1,160	5	..
Fook Yuen, Victoria......	13,500	6	..
Tai Soon, Victoria........	11,160	5	..
Hip Lung, Victoria	9,000	4	..
Yick Yuen, Nanaimo......	2,160	1	..
Kwong On Wo, Westminster	4,320	2	1
Hip Tuck Lung, Vancouver.	4,320	2	1
Wing Sang & Co., Vancouver	2,160	1	
Total......................	139,440	71	14

It is conservatively estimated by the American customs officials that fully two-thirds of the product is smuggled into the United States whereby the government is defrauded out of a revenue aggregating $1,270,000 a year. The manufacture of opium is one of the most profitable industries of the British province, Mr. Van Bokkelen contends, as it employs some four or five hundred men in making charcoal, which is used exclusively for cooking purposes, in addition to the cooks and other employees. The Canadian license for the manufacture of opium is $500 a year. The government, in addition to providing employment for a large number of people and besides bringing into the country a great amount of money from the United States, derives a neat little revenue each year, all at the expense of the United States. Mr. Van Bokkelen further says that the adoption of the proposed $6 a pound duty would have the immediate effect of closing down the opium factories in British Columbia, breaking up the smuggling rings, but will not increase the government's revenue to any perceptible extent.

The development and manufacture of opium is an interesting study. The Chinese are the greatest consumers in the world. Next to that race come the Burmese and the inhabitants of the Straits of Malacca, the latter consuming opium to the value of £1,000,000 annually. The cultivation of the poppy, from which a juice is extracted, and subsequently reduced by boiling until it becomes a liquid resembling molasses, when it is termed refined opium, is carried on in many parts of Asia, Persia, Turkey and some parts of China. The chief district is along the Ganges river, India, and embraces an area of 600 miles long by 200 miles in width, and is divided into two or three districts, Behar and Benares. The cities of Patna and Gazepore are the principal depots or shipping points where the factories for making crude opium are situated. The producers are required to sell their product to the Indian government, which in turn supplies the great Chinese importing houses. Before the fields of India were developed opium came from Turkey and Persia, and was used for medicinal purposes for the reason that it contained more than ten per cent. of morphia, a quality which is too rich for smoking; opium used for the latter purpose contains about 6 per cent.

In India the seed of the poppy is planted in November, it flowers in January, and a month later the capsular bulb attains the size of a hen's egg, when it is punctured by a sharp instrument, when a thick juice flows out and accumulates on the outside of the bulb. The next day the gum is carefully scraped off, and after undergoing a drying and kneading process of several weeks, is rolled up in balls weighing four pounds each, and prepared for exporting. The Indian government derives an income of £200 sterling for each chest, which contains 100 pounds. Good poppy soil will produce about 60 pounds of refined opium to the acre. Most of the crude opium is shipped to China, where three large opium factories are located. Two of the factories, managed by Fook Lung and the Lai Yuen companies, are located in the Portuguese colony of Macao, about 75 miles from Hong Kong. At the latter place, an English colony, Fook Hing & Co., have a monopoly for that part of the British possessions, and pay the government an annual revenue of $300,000 for the privilege. All other opium found in that district is seized and turned over to the Fook Hing Company. The two former firms manufacture over 2500 pounds of opium daily.

The method by which opium is manufactured is interesting to observe, although a sickening odor pervades the atmosphere, and will cause a novice to become deathly ill. The balls of crude opium are split open, moistened with water and boiled to a paste. This paste is dried, re-moistened and again boiled, after which it is strained. It goes through this process several times, each time being carefully strained and all foreign substance removed until it has a rich brown color. The drug is boiled in large hemispherical brass pans about twenty inches in diameter. The other utensils consist of a bamboo filter, sprinklers, strainers and pots. When it is properly boiled down it is sealed up in brass tins containing six ounces each. The factories in China can manufacture a better quality of opium for $2.50 less a pound than the factories on the Pacific coast. A good opium cook in China is paid ten dollars a month and at Victoria forty dollars a month. A day's work consists of refining two and a half balls of crude opium, each ball making five five-tael cans of prepared opium. For each additional ball refined it is customary to pay the cook 50 cents.

Mr. Van Bokkelen has given the opium question serious consideration, and is fully convinced that the proposed duty of $6 a pound would have the immediate effect of stopping smuggling, and perhaps increasing the government's revenue. The firms of China will have a better opportunity of honestly competing with the illicit northern factories and at the same time pay the United States government a handsome revenue. The evil habit of opium has obtained such power over the Chinese and some classes of white people in the United States that it is a physical impossibility to wholly stop the importation and use of the drug, and the next best measure, it seems, is to adopt some legislation that will check the growth of the habit and at the same time not defraud the government of a revenue that it is justly entitled to receive, and which heretofore has mostly gone into the private purses of the smugglers of the Pacific Northwest.

THE NAKUSP COMMISSION.

Comments of an Independent Observer on the Report.

To say that we were disappointed in the result of the royal commission would be incorrect, for that would imply that we had indulged in the hope that the commissioners would make a report which would show that they had really got to the root of the Nakusp & Slocan deal. This we never hoped for, because from the very nature of things the parties in whose hearts is locked the secret of this wholly questionable affair cannot be expected to inform on themselves. But we did expect that the commissioners failing to find any direct evidence of corruption, would at least be able to grasp and pass judgment upon the other aspect of the question, the principle, in short, involved in the pernicious agreement between the government and the railway.

Their report of the 15th instant finds the government guilty of an irregularity in acting upon the statute of 1893 before it had been brought into force by the only means which could give it life—an order-in-council—but it exonerates it from having any improper or corrupt motives in so doing, or in its relations with the company, the construction company, or in any contracts with either of them.

So far so good: the commissioners were entitled to go to this length under the powers delegated to them by their commission, and had they stopped at these two findings we should have been the first to say that they had acted within the scope of their authority and had confined themselves to the inquiry they were bound to make thereunder.

But they are not satisfied with this, and in spite of the fact that we ourselves heard both of them again and again state that they would not go outside the "four corners" of their commission, in fact restricting Mr. Beaven at the very outset with this distinct statement, is it the fact that they themselves conformed to their own ruling? No. On the contrary so eager, it must be inferred, are they to set the imprimatur of their approval to this transaction that they go outside the powers bestowed on them and gratuitously find that "the arrangement for the construction of the Nakusp & Slocan railway which was ratified by the act of 1894 is more advantageous to the province than the act of 1893." The report itself admits that this was not one of "the issues more directly submitted to us by the commission."

Why then go into it?

It will be noted that this last finding is intentionally or otherwise, artfully framed: it does not say that the bargain ratified by the act of 1894 is a good arrangement, but only that it is more advantageous than the preceding one. Despite his great experience even Mr. Van Horne, with all the cool and smug assurance of the man as he sat amusedly in the witness chair and answered the puerile questions of the commissioners, could not, when directly questioned, give, personally, one single instance of an arrangement made between a railway company and a government by which the government was to guarantee the principal as well as the interest. True, inferentially and with that astuteness which is his distinguished characteristic, he endeavored to convey the impression that it had been done in Quebec and also that the Manitoba government had entered into an even more favorable arrangement with the Lake Dauphin railway. We know that the Lake Dauphin company has not made such an arrangement with the Manitoba government, and the fact that Mr. Van Horne had to resort to corrupt Quebec to seek an analogy, and even then was unsuccessful, ought to have put the commissioners on their guard.

These gentlemen having gone so far as they did, farther than they were entitled to under their commission and their own ruling, should, to be consistent, have completed the matter and boldly found that the arrangement was so irreconcilable with economic principles that no circumstances, however allegedly necessitous, would justify it. In short they should have found that it was a violation of constitutional rights to transfer the revenue of the state, the money of the people, from the treasury to the pockets of the Nakusp & Slocan railway company; they should have found that when a people solely on the strength of its own credit and by pledging that credit, assumes an indebtedness of a million and a quarter dollars and practically builds a railway, that railway should be the property of the people that built it, and not made a present of to a speculative and soulless corporation.

As member after member of the government went into the witness box and swore, in answer to questions from the commissioners which were childlike in their obviousness and bland simplicity, to the non-existence of corrupt motives, the irresistible conclusion forced itself upon us, that as they could not be judged corrupt, it only must remain that they be held incompetent and unfit to be trusted with affairs of state. In short, they have been hoodwinked, made catspaws of by those far wiser and more astute than they. By whom? By the Nakusp and Slocan railway company for one. Any other? The answer came on Monday last when the bulky president of the octopus of Canada strode across the court room floor and, with difficulty squeezing his portly person into the chair in the witness box, cast a discriminating and somewhat contemptuous glance on all the actors in the little comedy before him.—The Province.

Economy and Strength.

Valuable vegetable remedies are used in the preparation of Hood's Sarsaparilla in such a peculiar manner as to retain the full medicinal value of every ingredient. Thus Hood's Sarsaparilla combines economy and strength and is the only remedy of which "100 Doses One Dollar" is true. Be sure to get Hood's.

HOODS PILLS do not purge, pain or grip, but act promptly, easily and efficiently.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

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NAMES OF DEVILS.

Different Appellations That Appear in Old Records.

We read in the Book of Miracles, "Fraterretto, Flibberdigibet, Hoberdicat, Cocabatto, with 40 assistants" were expelled from Sara. On January 5 it is recorded that "being exorcised, she prated, scoffed and sang, called for a piper, and when the priest bade her tell him his name, made answer "Pudding of Thame." But in the interval, or subsequently, she was possessed by Hobberdidance, Lusty Dick, Kellico, Hob, Cornercap, Puff, Purr, Kellicocum, Wilkin, Lusty Jolly Jenkin, Bonjour, Pourdieu, Motubizanto and several others. Marwood was possessed by a Captain Pippin, Trayford, by Captain Philpot, Hilco, Hiaclito, Smolkin, and Lusty Huff Cap. A Cap. Porterichio, accompanied by two captains and one hundred assistants seems to have been unattached. At their expulsion, the demons, many of whom had distinguished themselves by characteristic devices, gave the expected signs. Hobberdidance was seen to vanish as a whirlwind, Philpot went out as a puff of smoke, Lusty Dick as a stench, the demon of pride as a peacock, and Smolkin escaped from Trayford's ear in the shape of a mouse. Mainy had with him, besides Prince Modu, the representatives of the seven deadly sins, who were cast out with much appropriate acting on the part of Father Weston on St. George's day, in the presence of one hundred persons. The description of this scene, occupying nearly four pages, is quoted by Harsnet from the priests' book, and it suggested to Shakespeare some features in the feigned madness of Edgar.—The Nineteenth Century.

"Cuts."

The best thing we know of to heal a cut or wound is to bind up the injured part with a cloth saturated with Perry Davis' Pain Killer. Only 25 cents for the New Big Bottle.

Relief in six hours.—Distressing kidney and bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise and a delight to physicians on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. Sold by Geo. Morrison.

Heart Disease Relieved in 30 Minutes—All cases of organic or sympathetic heart disease relieved in 30 minutes and quickly cured, by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. One dose convinces. Sold by Geo. Morrison.

A Little Daughter

Of a Church of England minister cured of a distressing rash, by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Mr. RICHARD BIRKS, the well-known Druggist, 207 McGill st., Montreal, P. Q., says:

I have sold Ayer's Family Medicines for 40 years, and have heard nothing but good said of them. I know of many

Wonderful Cures

performed by Ayer's Sarsaparilla, one in particular being that of a little daughter of a Church of England minister. The child was literally covered from head to foot with a red and exceedingly troublesome rash, from which she had suffered for two or three years, in spite of the best medical treatment available. Her father was in great distress about the case, and, at my recommendation, at last began to administer Ayer's Sarsaparilla, two bottles of which effected a complete cure, much to her relief and her father's delight. I am sure, were he here to-day, he would testify in the strongest terms as to the merits of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

Maternity Home
(LATE SAMARITAN.)

Removed to 100 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plumerfelt, Gorge Road

CHOCOLAT MENIER

Unwritten Law in the Best Society

For Dinners, House Parties, Afternoon Receptions and Five o'Clocks, the necessary, nay, the indispensable adjunct to the correct repast is

Chocolat-Menier?

Only Vanilla Chocolate of highest grade, is manufactured by MENIER—Beneficial even for the most delicate.

Can be taken just before retiring.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR CHOCOLAT MENIER ANNUAL SALES EXCEED 33 MILLION POUNDS	If he hasn't it on sale send his name and your address to Menier, Canadian Branch, No. 14 St. John St., Montreal, Que.

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Self Cleansing Plate Polishing Cloth

NO PLATE POWDER NECESSARY.

The cloths are chemically prepared and will not injure the finest ware.

Used by the best families in Great Britain for polishing silver and plated ware.

The cloths will last for months and retain their polishing properties to the end. The best thing ever introduced for polishing silver and plated ware.

Price 20 cents per cloth, or three cloths for 50 cents.

For sale at—

SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE CO.,
and WEILER BROS.,
VICTORIA, B. C.

Tenders for Washing.

Tenders will be received on behalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty on or before noon of Thursday, the 31st of May, instant, for performing such washing as may be required for H. M. Naval Hospital, Esquimalt, for one year certain from 1st August next.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Forms of tender can be had on application at this office.

T. SYDNEY DOBBIN,
For Naval Storekeeper, Etc.
Royal Naval Yard,
Esquimalt, 17 May, 1894. 17-td

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You Will Have It

MANUFACTURED BY

THE Goold Bicycle Co. LTD.
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NEW GOODS CHEAPER THAN EVER!

Porcelains, Baskets, Matting, Curios.

T. S. FUTCHER,
Importer and Retailer, 41 Fort Street
VICTORIA, B. C.

Argyle House

Just Received

A Manufacturers' Lot of

SAMPLES

Which we bought 30 per cent. below cost price..........

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Ladies' Ties,
Womens' and Childrens' Stockings,
Womens' and Childrens' Undervests.
Gloves,
Womens' Jerseys,
Handkerchiefs,
Sox, Etc.

IF YOU WANT

A BARGAIN

GIVE US A CALL.

J. Horner & Co.

83 Douglas Street.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDERS FOR DEBENTURES

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m. on the 18th day of June, 1894, for the purchase of Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $55,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, in sums of $1,000 each, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of May, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England, New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at 4 1-2 per cent. from the 1st of May, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Electric Lighting By-Law, 1894" with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.
City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., April 5th, 1894. ap5-td

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. Victoria, B.C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT. Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS, Late of London, Eng., has come to reside in Victoria, and has opened an office at 94 Pandora street. He has, for twenty-five years been engaged in general family and obstetric practice, with considerable experience in diseases of children. He also gives special attention to diseases of the chest and stomach. Dr. Williams had several years' practical experience in one of the largest hospitals in London and is a Doctor of Medicine of the University of Aberdeen, Scotland. He has been for many years a member of the Pathological Society, a member of the British Homoeopathic Society and a Fellow of the British Gynaecological Society. He has thus had extensive experience in both the old and new systems of medical treatment.

Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence, 94 Pandora St., city. Telephone No. 153. m12-1m

MUSICAL.

GEO. W. FUGGLE, PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER. Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O. Box 177.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 7, Moody Block, cor. Yates and Broad Sts., under Imperial Photograph Gallery.

MISS FOX,

Teacher of Piano and Harmonium.

RESIDENCE—56 Mason street, near Pandora avenue. mr21-1m

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Pisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja14 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Pisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jy27 S. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas Street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON.
1-19 Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PFERDNER,
oc9 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard st., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join. K. C. SMITH, Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET, L. GOODACRE, Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 138.

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE. 137 Cormorant Street.

DENTISTRY.

DR. A. HUMBER, Graduate Philadelphia Dental College, Has opened Dental Parlors at 93 1-2 Douglas street, next door to Odd Fellows' Hall.

DR. A. C. WEST

Surgeon Dentist,

Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.

Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

Teeth Without Plates.

By Dr. Findley's new method artificial teeth can be inserted without plates, nothing whatever covers the roof of the mouth, no rubber is used to give a bad taste and interfere with the speech. This system is specially adapted for public speakers, singers, etc., etc.

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Notice to Subscribers.

During my absence from the city Albert Wylde will collect all subscriptions to the Daily Times. B. HAIGH.

Daily Times office, April 21.

COMOX—FOR SALE.

Thirty-six acres near the town of Courtenay, belonging to Anthony Maitland Stenhouse, ex-M.P.P. Apply to Lowenberg, Harris & Co., Estate Agents, Victoria. m7-d&w-1m

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

ONE NIGHT ONLY!

MONDAY, MAY 21.

—THE—

Chicago Lady Quartette

—ARTISTS—

MARY B. WEAVER, First Soprano and Whistler.
ELIZABETH LUDWIG, Mezzo-Soprano and Solo Pianist.
EDITH BUSHER, Contralto.
ALICE MERRILL RAYMOND, Phenomenal Alto Soloist and Musical Director, and
CORNELIA NELTNOR, Queen of Impersonators.

"The members of the Quartette include four of the best voices from the World's Fair City. Having sung together for several seasons, nothing but soulful and approved melody bubbles from their lips."—N. Y. Herald.

Seats, $1, 75c. and 50c., now on sale at Jamieson's.

VICTORIA THEATRE

ONE NIGHT!

SATURDAY, MAY 19

THE POPULAR FAVORITES

JOSEPH PHOEBE

Grismer-Davies

Assisted by a select company in the beautiful American drama

THE NEW SOUTH

As played by them one hundred nights at the Broadway theatre, New York City.

Regular prices. Seats on sale at Jamieson's book-store.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros., Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Ore. m7-3m

FOR SALE.

30 ACRES of first class land (12 acres cleared), rich bottom land; 10 miles from city. Fine water front; price $2,350; cash $1,500, balance on mortgage. Apply 5 Store street. m18-1w

FOR SALE—New Peterborough canoe; or would exchange for light pleasure row-boat. Apply box 313. m18-3t

FOR SALE—Good horse, buggy, and single wagon. Apply 170 Pembroke St. m9-2w

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A flat of eight furnished rooms. For particulars enquire at 13 Trounce avenue. a26-tf

TO LET.

TO LET—On Dallas road, facing the straits, a nine-roomed furnished residence with all modern conveniences; bath room, hot and cold water; half acre of land. Apply to Morrow, Holland & Co., 44 Broad St.

TO LET—Two nicely furnished Rooms; 171 Pandora Street. my17-3t

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOMS to let; use of bath; terms very moderate. Apply 67 Kane street. a24-1m

ONE OR TWO first-class bedrooms to let and housekeeping accommodation for married couple. Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior street, James Bay.

TO LET OR LEASE—The American Hotel, 20 room and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue or Burnes House.

TO RENT—Five room, well furnished cottage, desirable location, with large garden; rent $25. Apply at Clarence Hotel.

TO LET—Or for sale, a new house, with 5 acres of land, about three and a half miles from post-office. Apply Alan S. Dumbleton, 51 Langley St. feb7-tf

TO LET OR LEASE—Hotel with 20 rooms and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue. j3-tf

BOARD AND LODGING.

NICE ROOMS and board. 181 Fort street.

MISCELLANEOUS

WHERE TO BUY NO. 1 DRY CORD WOOD—At Scotch Bakery, 168 Douglas street; telephone No. 17. Steam wood sawing done in any part of city. Your order solicited. A. C. Howe. m5-1m

HOUSE WANTED—Within about half a mile of the Postoffice; 7 or 8 rooms; must be comfortable, with modern conveniences, etc. Address, giving particulars and stating rent expected, to "Visitor," Times office. mar 16-1w

JOSEPH SEARS,

Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger

Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc.

114 Yates Street.

NOTICE.

The 73rd drawing for an appropriation in the Vancouver Island Building Society will be held in Sir William Wallace Society's Hall, Broad street, on Friday, the 25th May, 1894, at 8 p.m.

See that you shares are not in arrears.

By order,
B. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.

Victoria, B. C., May 15, 1894.

SUITS AT 50c. ON THE $.

Just received a consignment of Mens' Fine Tailor Made Custom Suits which I will sell at about 50c. on the dollar on regular prices. $20 suits for $10, $22 and $24 suits for $12 and $14. Come and see them at

83 JOHNSON STREET.

ESTATE OF A. J. SMITH.

Creditors' meeting May 21st, at 3 p.m., at assignees' office, 12 Bastion Square Geo. A. Perrin and P. J. A. Schwengers. m14-6

TENDERS.

Tenders will be received till Monday, the 21st inst., for providing a band or bands for supplying music for May 24th, 25th, and 26th. Form of tender can be seen at the office of the Secretary.

BEAUMONT BOGGS,
Secretary.

Bargains in Lace
At Russell & McDonald's.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;

At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city per week ....25 cts
By mail to any part of the world, per year.. .. ..$10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.

NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1.50.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in minion (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25c. a line for first insertion and 12 1-2 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12 1-2 cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

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THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

TO THE SUBSCRIBERS.

When you wish to have your address changed, please give former as well as new address.

The Daily Times.

THE SPENDTHRIFT ERA.

A writer in the Colonist professes to give a review of the government's policy, which of course is all right in his view, while the conduct of the opposition is all wrong. In to-day's effusion he takes up the matter of expenditure on roads and other public works and challenges the statement that public money has been wasted on this point of the service. The issue raised in this matter he sums up in the following picturesque way:—

We half suspect, however, what the opposition has been driving at, although they have never had the courage to put it in that way. What they desire to say is that had the various minor works on roads and trails, etc., been let out at contract by tender instead of by day labor there would have been a great saving. There is no other conclusion to be arrived at. This may or may not be true. The question is, which is the proper principle to adopt, contract or day labor? Have the opposition ever formulated the policy in the house that the principle of day labor in carrying out these public works is a wrong one, that every job should be let by contract to the lowest tenderer? The issue then resolves itself into this: Did the government pay too much wages for the work that was done? It devolves upon those who say otherwise to advance the proof. Members of the present government assert that they have been the true friends to the workingman. We think it easy to demonstrate how in a variety of ways this is true, and we are willing to rest the verdict in this particular matter upon whether day labor is or is not an essential plank in the policy of workingmen's organizations the world over.

"Lucus a non lucendo." If the opposition say that too much money has been spent for the results shown they must mean that the day labor system is wrong or that men have been paid too high wages; in any case they are the enemies and the government the friends of the workingmen. The logic is charming. We may remark that one of the most direct attacks on the present system came from the Vancouver World, which said that within its own observation there had been a waste of thousands of dollars on road work. On the facts it thus cited the World founded the conclusion that the government should abandon the day labor and adopt the contract system. The opposition have not accepted this conclusion, so far as we are aware, for they contend that the waste of money is not a necessary accompaniment of the day labor system. Honesty and care would prevent the squandering of money, but these are wanting under the present administration. Evidences of this are furnished by every district in the province, and a few instances may be cited from districts not far removed from Victoria. In one case we have heard of a "road boss" who engaged a number of men at the rate of $1.75 per day each, while they are on the pay roll for road work at $2 per day, the extra 25 cents going into some illegitimate opening. In another case the road boss boards and lodges his "gang" of men, who pay him a certain weekly rate. The cook is included in the "gang," and therefore draws his wages from the government, while the profits of his labor go to the boss. The contract system would assuredly prevent all these little peculations, but they would also be prevented if the day labor system were honestly and faithfully administered. Money is also wasted by the construction—sometimes intentionally and sometimes through ignorance and incapacity. In almost every corner of the province instances of blundering or crooked work in this direction are pointed out to the traveller. If all these squanderings were added together the sum would be found a very considerable one, [illegible] could have been made under proper administration the means of developing a large portion of the territory at present inaccessible for want of roads. The sum of the whole matter is that a combination of negligence, dishonesty and favoritism has led to an enormous waste of the people's money.

The Colonist's apologist for the government has talked about two eras in the political history of the province, describing the present as one of development. If he had been quite honest he would have spoken of it as the spendthrift era, in which it has been the aim of the government to get rid of money and lay a burden of debt on the shoulders of the people. Such methods as we have described form part of their policy. If "development" were synonymous with "expenditure," then the government would have been able to point to its record with pride. But everyone knows from the revelations of last session that a large sum of borrowed money has disappeared along with another large sum raised by taxation, and that another resort to borrowing or an increase in taxation will be necessary in the immediate future. Men talk glibly about the credit of the province being good, and so forth, but how long will its credit remain good when capitalists can see plainly that the government is working on the spendthrift plan? If we go on borrowing we shall have to pay dearly for the luxury.

The Colonist objects to the Nakusp commission being called a farce, but in this as in many other matters the organ has the misfortune to differ from the majority of the people. We take the liberty to-day of reproducing the comments of the Province, a paper which cannot be accused of basing its conclusions on hostility to the government. The Colonist will find in them an indication of what is thought by all impartial spectators.

"In the committee on the tariff to-night Mr. Mara said he wished to see the most liberal construction given to the definition of mining machinery, and proposed to add to the tariff a list of articles not made in Canada which prospectors and capitalists would know could all be brought in free. Hon. Mr. Foster suggested to Mr. Mara to hand in a list to the controller of customs, who would have it printed and furnish copies to the collectors of customs. Mr. Mara's timely suggestion will be of great benefit to miners in British Columbia." So says a dispatch from Ottawa to the Colonist. If Mr. Mara makes his list comprehensive enough to suit the views of British Columbia miners there will be very few articles of mining machinery left off, but then the list would find serious objections from the controller of customs. There is practically no machinery made in Canada that can be used by miners, and the simplest way of treating the matter would be the placing of all such machinery on the free list.

An Ottawa dispatch says:—"It is learned on good authority to-day that the government has decided to dissolve parliament as soon as arrangements can be made to do so. If Lord Aberdeen will permit it, an appeal to the country may be made on the old lists, but it is more likely that a bill will be introduced simplifying the manner of revising the lists, so that general elections may be had not later than January next. It is also understood that a bill will be introduced gerrymandering Quebec. All the arrangements for a general election have been made by the government. The Ontario ministers desire to follow the Ontario provincial elections as close as possible. They point to their experience in 1887, when the Dominion elections followed about a couple of months after the Mowat elections."

THE COMMISSIONERS.

To the Editor: One of the commissioners on sewerage matters in this city having a large interest in the B. C. Pottery Co., I think it would have been better in the interest of fair play and of the community if a man had been appointed who could have given an uninterested opinion on the material required for the sewers.

RATEPAYER.

THE CELEBRATION.

To the Editor: The sports on the 26th consist of a lacrosse match. A number of hose teams, consisting of twelve men to each team, are willing to come to Victoria to compete for prizes. They ask for no money to pay expenses, but are willing to take chances with our firemen. Should races take place the people will remain in the city and Yates street will be utilized during the morning, instead of taking people out of the city. Over fifty competitors with their hundreds of admirers will come to Victoria, and the only games that give men an idea of saving lives and property will be kept alive. Nanaimo will send a team; Port Angeles and Vancouver will have twelve men on each team, and other cities are interested. Let us have a little of the celebration near home.

FIREMAN.

Bargains in Dress Goods
At Russell & McDonald's.

CALIFORNIA'S METROPOLIS.

Grand Parade of the Knights of Pythias this Morning.

San Francisco, May 19.—The Knights of Pythias are celebrating at the exposition to-day, and are making the most of the hours before the opening of the grand floral carnival, which takes place this afternoon. The knights formed in parade at Union Square at ten o'clock this morning and marched in four divisions to the fair grounds. On arriving there the circuit of the grand court was made and the parade was dismissed after a review from the steps of the festival hall, where the exercises were held early in the afternoon. To-night the knights will give a ball at the Vienna Prater.

The fair never looked more beautiful than it does to-day. Bunting and national flags are displayed in great profusion, and there is not a building on the grounds that is not decorated with flowers. Everybody is on the qui vive for the spectacular floral procession and battle of flowers, set for three o'clock.

Bargains in Dress Buttons
At Russell & McDonald's.

AMONG THE STRIKERS.

A National Organization of Coke Workers Proposed.

Scottdale, Pa., May 19.—The coke strikers left camp in the valley for home this morning. They wanted to get the valley workers out. The coke workers are disappointed over the failure of the National Convention of Miners to endorse the strike. There is talk of forming a national organization of coke workers.

Connellsville, Pa., May 19.—Negro miners are being brought to the Rainey Coke Co., in the Vanderbilt region.

Pittsburgh, Pa., May 19.—Alleghany county authorities are arranging for deputies and laying in a stock of arms to be used in protecting property in case the soft coal operators decide on concentrating their efforts in working the mines with outside labor. This step is considered probable since the failure of the conference between the men and the operators.

Pittsburgh, Pa., May 19.—At the coal operators' meeting to-day the report of the committee sent to the Cleveland conference was read and accepted. Rend made a conciliatory speech in which he said all honorable means to settle the strike should be resorted to. He characterized McBride as a dictator and thought it dangerous to invest one man with powers such as McBride has. Several opposed Rend, and the meeting adjourned without doing anything.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES.

Daily Chronicle of the Events of the Great Republic.

Princetown, Ky., May 19.—A freight train to-day crashed into a pile-driver train on the Newport News and Mississippi Valley railway, in Standing Rock tunnel. The conductor of the pile-driver train and six or seven of the crew were killed.

Santa Cruz, Cal., May 19.—A. Zoff, the slayer of Detective Harris, is still in hiding in the mountains. The posse has returned to Boulder creek, not having found any clue.

Washington, D. C., May 19.—The senate foreign affairs committee has made a favorable report on the offer of the United States to join other powers in prohibiting traffic in rum and firearms in the New Hebrides, and declares the matter should be agitated until an international agreement is reached to prevent the traffic.

Cincinnati, May 19.—A certificate of deposit for $100,000, No. 25,512, issued by the American Exchange National Bank of New York to William Stewart Tod, passed by successive endorsements to the State National Bank, Frankfort, Ky., and by it to the credit of its account to the First National Bank of Chicago, has been mysteriously lost. Mason, Hoge and Meyer of Chicago are the owners.

New York, May 19.—Wall street stocks closed 1-4 to 3 7-8 lower.

New York, May 19.—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the following changes: Decrease, $1,635,450; loans, $475,100; specie, increase, $156,700; legal tenders, decrease, $2,027,000; deposits, decrease, $939,400. Circulation, decrease, $44,200. Banks now hold $78,909,285 in excess of requirements of the 25 per cent. rule.

Fresno, Cal., May 19.—The grand jury this morning returned an indictment against Prof. W. A. Sanders for forgery in connection with the deeds and transfers of William Wooton's lands.

Washington, D. C., May 19.—A senate bill ratifies and confirms the agreement with the Yuma Indians in California, for the cession of their surplus lands. The tariff bill was then taken up. Gallinger spoke against the bill.

THE MANIAC AND THE MIRROR.

An Ex-Keeper's Story of a Narrow Escape From Death.

"Many persons who are superstitious regard the breaking of a looking-glass as omen of bad luck," said a visitor at the St. James, "but I had an experience once where I think that the breaking of a looking-glass was the means of saving my life. I was the keeper in the state asylum at that time. One evening about 11 o'clock I was sitting in my room reading, when I heard the door suddenly open, and on turning round was startled to see one of the patients, a man whose mania took a most violent form, standing in the doorway. He had always been kept under lock and key, and how he managed to get out is a mystery to me to this day. I tried to appear as cool as possible, and asked him what he wanted. 'I have come to kill you,' he replied, at the same time taking from his pocket a pistol, which he had gained possession of in some unaccountable manner. As he advanced towards me his eyes wandered around the room, when all at once he saw his own image in a large mirror that hung on the wall. His whole demeanor changed in an instant, and, seeming to forget all about me, he crept towards what he supposed to be another man. Suddenly with a yell, he raised and fired point blank at his image in the glass. The mirror was broken into a thousand pieces. His back was turned to me, and in an instant I sprang upon him and held him until help arrived. I have always thought that glass was the means of saving my life.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Tariff and Adjournment.

New York, May 19.—Senator Hill came down from Albany yesterday and stopped at the Hotel Normandie on his way to Washington. Many of the senator's visitors asked his opinion concerning the prospects of tariff legislation in the senate and the ultimate outcome of the struggle. It was the senator's opinion that in the end a tariff bill will be passed and that congress will adjourn in July or August.

The Commonwealers.

Leavenworth, May 19.—Coxeyite Sanders has arranged with the Missouri Pacific to allow his band to resume their journey to Washington.

Sand Prairie, Iowa, May 19.—Many boats of Kelleyite were far behind last night, so Kelley decided to go into camp at St. Francisville.

The mayor of Keokuk has offered to furnish a tug to take the fleet to Quincy if the troops will camp on the Missouri side and move soon. This Kelley will do.

Washington, May 19.—The convicted commonwealer leaders appeared in court this morning for sentence, but sentence was postponed until Monday. Judge Miller had not received formal notice that the writ of certiorari had been dismissed by Judge Bradley.

No Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Is Genuine Unless It Bears the Derby Cap Shaped Tag

Decamped With the Treasure.

Dayton, Ohio, May 19.—City Treasurer Benjamin Weisbredt, of Middletown, south of here, has suddenly disappeared. It was discovered last night that Weisbredt is a defaulter for $25,661. At the meeting of the city council last night Weisbredt's bondsmen offered to settle for 50 cents on the dollar. This was refused by the council, and Weisbredt's successor, Joseph C. Iseminger, gave a $30,000 bond and was installed. Weisbredt's bondsmen now refuse to settle.

San Francisco News.

San Francisco, May 19.—George Wicham, George N. Thomas and Louis Greenwald, of the Emerald gang of smugglers, were this morning found guilty by the jury as charged, while Henry Mensing, the fourth prisoner, was acquitted. The prisoners will be brought up for sentence on Monday 28th.

Attorneys for the defence say they will make application for a new trial on the ground that the verdict was against the weight of evidence.

On motion by her attorney, the sentence of Mrs. Jane Shattuck, convicted of the murder of Harry Poole, was this morning continued for two weeks to give time for preparation of motion for a new trial.

Bargains in Boys' Suits
At Russell & McDonald's.

Pythian News.

Far West lodge, No. 1, conferred the rank of esquire on a candidate at the last regular meeting.

Nomination of officers for the ensuing term took place at last night's meeting of Far West lodge. The election of officers will be held at the next regular meeting.

The grand lodge of British Columbia will convene in this city on the 6th prox. A large excursion will arrive in Victoria on the 6th of June. New Westminster, Vancouver and Langley will send delegates to receive the supreme chancellor.

The knights will run an excursion train to Nanaimo on the 17th of June. Representatives from all lodges in the city will assist in decorating graves of deceased knights at the Nanaimo cemetery.

Bargains in Hosiery
At Russell & McDonald's.

Brief Locals.

—A good attendance witnessed the stereopticon lecture given at Hillside school house last night in aid of the funds of the new Reformed Episcopal church.

—In the provincial police court Joseph Hartford Gill was charged by John Thomas with pretending to convey to Annie Gill, his wife, land near Vancouver. Magistrate Macrae remanded Gill to Vancouver where he will be taken by a constable to-night. Gill says he can easily clear himself of the charge and can bring seven witnesses in his behalf.

—The sealing schooner Annie C. Moore, Capt. Dailey, arrived in this afternoon at 4. She has 309 skins. She was warned on August 9 by H. M. S. Hyacinthe off Middleton island. Captain May took possession of all the schooner's guns, but did not take the arms of the Indians. The latter were left on the coast yesterday, the schooner coming down to there in eight days. She made the straits last night, and came up flying to-day. She reports a schooner outside, and her officers say that many of the vessels will be home shortly. The schooner Beatrice was warned the same day. The catches are generally light, varying from 150 to 500 skins.

Big Bargains in Baskets
At Russell & McDonald's.

How the Ancients Hardened Copper.

In a paper read by J. H. Gladstone, D.Sc., F. R. S., before the Society of Biblical Archeology, London, on February 6, attention is drawn to the composition and character of the copper tools from Lachish, and date from a period which, according to Mr. Bliss, was earlier than 1500 B. C., and consequently in pre-Israelitish days. They contained no more than an accidental trace of tin, but they were hard and brittle, qualities due to the presence of a large percentage of suboxide of copper. The present mound, the site of the ancient city of Lachish, has been cut down by Mr. Bliss to the level of the valley, and found to consist of the ruins of several Amoritish towns, one above the other, overlaid by a stratum of ashes and sand, and then the ruins of the Israelitish towns. In these several strata we are able to trace, in the same city, the gradual transition from copper tools to bronze ones, and their gradual replacement as the manufacture of iron became better understood. It is curious to note that flint implements are found from the lower Amoritish to the higher Israelitish period, some of the latest being of very beautiful manufacture.

PERSONAL.

Harry Rhodes, of Vancouver, is in the city.

Justice Drake has returned from the Mainland.

Grismer-Davies company are registered at the Driard.

Miss Eleanor Miller, of Seattle, is paying a visit to Miss Nellie Broderick, 150 Menzies street.

J. J. Gallagher has recovered from his recent attack of pneumonia. He will leave St. Joseph's Hospital in a few days and go east.

At Hotel Victoria: H. R. Boynton, San Francisco; E. C. Baker, Chicago; R. L. Warner, Portland; Frank M. Dallam, Waterville, Wash.; Miss B. Venning, New South Company.

At the Oriental: Ed. M. Sim, J. K. Cowan, T. H. Ward, San Francisco; L. Mounce, Wellington; Mrs. Stoddart and son, Tacoma; Capt. Soule, Vancouver; C. W. Lange, Port Townsend.

A. J. H. Eckardt, Toronto; Mrs. M. A. Meineux, Mrs. J. B. Bannister, Los Angeles; W. S. North, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. J. Mayer, Seattle; Frank A. Bartlett and wife, Port Townsend, are staying at the Driard.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

Big Bargains in [illegible]
At Russell & McDonald's.

NEW WALL PAPERS AND ROOM MOULDINGS AT J. W. MELLORS,
76, 78 & 65 Fort Street.
Telephone 406.

FLY TIME
Is at hand and calls for
"Tanglefoot."
WE HAVE IT
COCHRANE & MUNN, Prescription Druggists,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Garden Hose at McLennan & McFeely's. *

—Fine fishing rods and tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—Chicken fencing, four feet high, 18 cents per yard, at McLennan & McFeely's. *

—The members of No. 3 company, B. C. B. G. A., will do their class firing at Beacon hill this afternoon.

—The Orange Amateur Dramatic club will give a social and dance in Philharmonic hall on Wednesday next.

—Tenders for the band music during the celebration will be received by Secretary Boggs up to Monday next.

—Do not forget to inspect the fine assortment of "Liberty art materials" at Weiler Bros. The finest in the province.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

—The employees of the Shawnigan Lake Lumber Co. will give a picnic and dance on the 24th. There will be field sports, boating and games.

—Pleasure seekers will be conveyed to the Gorge over the E. & N. Ry. again this year. The fare for the round trip will be 25 cents. The time schedule will be announced later.

—A consignment of spring and summer goods have just been received by Weiler Bros. They come direct from Liberty's, London, and comprise an excellent assortment of "art fabrics."

—Messrs. Cottart & Jenns have removed from the Five Sisters block to the office in the Colonist building vacated by Henry Croft. The latter has removed his office to the Janion building.

—The Cowichan Indians with their brass band and war and peace dancers will give an exhibition in the market building on Thursday next. Permission to use the building has been granted.

—A petition for the organization of a Presbyterian church in James Bay district with Rev. P. McF. McLeod as pastor is being circulated. There will be very little, if any, opposition to the movement. It will come up at the Presbytery in June.

—Miss A. D. Cameron repeated her lecture on the World's Fair at the schoolroom at Cedar hill under the auspices of the First Presbyterian church last night. There was a very good attendance and Miss Cameron delivered the lecture interestingly. Mr. Fleming operated the stereopticon. After the lecture there was an interesting musical and literary programme rendered, including the reading of an original poem on the fair by James Deans. At the close a vote of thanks to the lecturer and other entertainers was passed.

—At the Victoria theatre this evening Joseph Grismer and Phoebe Davies will be seen in the successful American play "The New South." Miss Phoebe Davies who has long been one of the most popular actresses that has appeared in this city, will impersonate the role of Georgia Gwynne, a typical and sympathetic maid of that historic southern state as it is to-day. Captain Harry Ford, U. S. A., of Fort MacPherson, will be the character impersonated by Joseph Grismer. A capable cast of aids to Mr. Grismer and Miss Davies in the presentation of "The New South" will be seen, including several well known names that are always reliable for giving a thoroughly rounded, completely artistic dramatic representation, and the audiences here promise to be deservedly large.

—The Chicago Lady Quartette is composed of artists. They gave an exquisite concert last evening before a goodly audience. The selections were varied, including [illegible] cal, and the execution was simply superb. Encore followed encore with certain sequence, for the charming young vocalists won the heart of every auditor in their very first effort, "The Lady Bird," and they refused to release a soul thus imprisoned until the last number was sung, and it was fitting and appropriate, "Home, Sweet Home." There were solos as well as quartettes, and the fact was exemplified that each member is a finished solo artist."—St. Paul Daily Globe.

Entertained by a Chicago girl.—Miss Cornelia Neltor, of Chicago, gave a recital here yesterday evening. Among her selections were "A Professional Call," "Lorraine Loree," by Charles Kingsley; "The Facial Family." Miss Neltor is a dramatic reader of ability, and showed in her rendition of the selections decided power in both pathetic and comic.—Baltimore American.

—The quartette, assisted by Miss Neltor, will appear at the Victoria theatre on Monday evening. Reserved seats are on sale at Jamieson's book store.

—Suits reduced from $35 to $25 and from $30 to $20, at J. W. Creighton's, 86 Government street. *

—Shipping receipt books, [illegible] cts. each. Other Stationery reduced in prices at Johnston & Co.'s bookstore. *

—Art cretonnes, art muslin, art silks, art crepe cloth, fancy figured muslins, art seige, etc., etc., at Weiler Bros.

—Tenders are called for the erection of a bungalow residence and farm buildings at North Saanich by J. G. Tiarks, architect.

—Sanitary Inspector Conlin has sworn out summonses against several Chinese charged with overcrowding and keeping dirty premises.

—The firemen's events at the Queen's birthday celebration will take place Saturday next between 10 and 12 o'clock and 1 and 3 in the afternoon.

—The Natural History Society of B. C. will hold their regular meeting on Monday, May 21st, at 8 p.m., in the library of the provincial parliament.

—Ald. Styles will move at the next meeting of the council that an advertisement be inserted in the daily papers calling for water front lots on the line from the outer wharf to Point Ellice bridge for the erection of an electric light power house.

—In the police court a warrant was ordered issued against J. E. Phillips, charged with vagrancy. Mary, klootchman, was fined $5 and costs for being drunk. Jas. Halley was charged with entering the house of George Murphy and stealing a watch and several dollars. Case continued till Monday.

—Those who enjoy a morning plunge before going to business will be pleased to learn that Manager Macdonald of the Leander Baths, Fort street, has decided to open the baths every morning at 8 o'clock for the rest of the summer. The difficulty which was experienced in clearing the water has been overcome, and it is now possible to see a dime at the deep end.

—Messrs. Hibben & Co. have received the royal wedding number of the London Graphic, copies of which are now on sale at their store. It is a magnificent specimen of the printers' and lithographers' arts, and contains accurate portraits of the royal personages concerned in the late Cobourg wedding; also excellent views in the vicinity of that interesting old city.

—There will be a meeting this evening at eight o'clock of the riflemen, irrespective of any organization, at the office of B. Williams, 46 Fort street. The object of the meeting is to select a team to represent the city at the inter-city match on Saturday, May 26. The match is to be shot off at Clover Point. The proposition is to organize a city rifle association in connection with the B. C. B. G. A.

—The success of the daffodil conversazione held in the Sunday school room of the Reformed Episcopal church last month has prompted the ladies to hold another flower social, and on Wednesday evening next the most beautiful display of all varieties of pansies will be seen. The hall will literally be covered with them. A most excellent programme, which will appear later on, is being arranged, and among the many attractions will be a pansy chorus with scenic effects.

—The Winnipeg Nor' Wester announces that the celebrated Mendelssohn Quintette club is about to disband. It says: The Mendelssohn Quintette club arrived from the west yesterday afternoon and are at the Manitoba. Several musicians in the city have persuaded them to give a concert in the hotel dining hall this evening, and the high reputation which this club bears should insure a large audience. The fact that they are to disband shortly should also induce many to hear them, as this will be the last opportunity to do so.

—There was a very large attendance at the funeral of the late Captain Donald Urquhart yesterday afternoon. There were many beautiful floral offerings, among the donors being Mrs. and Misses Dunsmuir, Lady Musgrave, James Dunsmuir, Captain and Mrs. Irving, Mr. and Mrs. Munroe, Mr. and Mrs. John Grahame, F. Yorke, Mr. Borns, Mrs. Rudge, Mrs. Medana, Mrs. Murray, the Misses Murray and Miss F. Jackson. Services were conducted at the house by the Rev. P. McF. Macleod. The pallbearers were: Captains Lewis, Grant and Hackett, and E. B. Marvin, John Graham and James Burns.

—The sealer Borealis, Captain Myers, arrived home from her sealing cruise yesterday evening at 5 o'clock. She was warned on May 8th and came home with a catch of only 303 skins. She was 50 miles off the Alaska coast opposite Mt. St. Elias when warned. The schooner was lying to, and it was between two and three o'clock in the morning when the Hyacinth came alongside. Her guns and spears were not taken, or sealed up, she was simply warned and ordered home. The schooner had very rough weather, and had little time to seal. The captain reports that all the coast vessels will have small catches. He reports the Sapphire with 400 and the Walter Rich with 400, but one of the crew states that he heard from a boat that the Rich had 600. The Borealis will go into the sea after August 1.

—"Peerless" Agate-ware at McLennan & McFeely's. *

—Prairie State Incubator for sale at McLennan & McFeely's. *

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—The steamer Joan was hauled out on the marine railway yesterday morning and is being repaired, cleaned and painted. She came through from Comox on Thursday in eleven hours, including stops on the way. She will be launched on Monday, and will bring an excursion from Comox to Nanaimo on Thursday.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

Defendant Mesher Wins—The Mundorf Alimony—Mellor v. Carter.

The jury in Gabriel v. Mesher yesterday returned a verdict in favor of the defendant—their answer to the questions set them being that way. After their verdict came in the learned judge gave judgment dismissing the plaintiff's action without costs.

In Mundorf v. Mundorf Mr. Justice Crease yesterday granted judicial separation with costs.

This moring the petition for alimony came up. The learned judge suggested that a settlement should be arrived at without further litigation. Mr. Mills, who appears for the wife, said that he had tried to effect a settlement on the terms proposed by the husband last December. He knew of course that the agreement once proposed would give more than the law allows. Mr. Helmcken, for the husband, said that they could not hang out the olive branch of peace. His lordship then suggested terms of settlement, and the case now stands over until Monday.

In Mellor v. Carter this morning Mr. Justice Crease made an order allowing the plaintiff to sign final judgment against the defendant.

CARIBOO GOLD MINING.

Interesting Lecture by G. Ferguson in Pioneer Hall Last Night.

Last evening a lecture on prospecting for gold in Cariboo was delivered by George Ferguson at Pioneer hall. He assigned several reasons for the unprogressive state of the mining industry in the district of Barkerville, then gave a brief history of the development of the mining industry from early days to the present time. He also defined and traced the gold belt for nearly a hundred miles, and from the little prospecting done on the big bend of the Fraser river he expressed the opinion that the gold belt would be found and traced hundreds of miles further and that the next big mining camp will be on Smoky river. He gave a full description of the different grades of mining and the companies each required to attain success. He also gave the causes of failure and of success in prospecting deep ground.

To thoroughly explore and prospect Smoky river should require a company of ten or twelve men for at least a year. He therefore expressed the hope that the government would undertake the enterprise, which he believes would be a benefit to the province.

Bargains in Millinery
At Russell & McDonald's.

THE FLAGSHIP HOME.

H. M. S. Royal Arthur Reached Esquimalt at Noon To-day.

M. M. S. Royal Arthur, flagship of the Pacific squadron, arrived home from her winter cruise to-day. She passed the cape early this morning, was at Otter Point at ten o'clock and entered Esquimalt harbor at twelve. She went to her old anchorage at the buoy. She did not arrive at Monterey quite as soon as expected, and did not therefore remain as long as planned. She reached that place on Tuesday afternoon, received her mail, and left on Wednesday morning. She ran up at a twelve-knot pace and made a short trip of it.

"Our cruise has not been a very interesting one from a newspaper man's standpoint," said one of the officers to a Times man this afternoon. "We left here December 22, and were to have stopped at Monterey, but the weather was bad and we went on. We called first at Santa Barbara, then at Santa Monica, then at San Diego, and next at Magdalene bay, where we had our torpedo and gunnery practice. Then in succession we visited Mazatlan, San Blas, Acapulco, San Jose, Salina Cruz, San Juan del Sur, Panama, Paita, Ancona, Callao, Coquimbo and Valparaiso. The latter was the most southerly point. On the way back we visited a number of ports not taken in on the way down. The trip up was a very pleasant one. At Coquimbo there was smallpox, and we had a vaccination scare aboard. We met the Garnet on her way home, and her officers reported having met a terrible storm shortly after leaving here. She came very near losing one of her boats, as she rolled so badly that they were awash in the davits. It was only by the best of seamanship that she escaped without serious damage. The officers and men are generally well, and have been so."

Rear-Admiral Stephenson was busy with a large mail, and it was impossible to see him. Nothing is there known as to the plans of the fleet this spring and summer. H. M. S. Champion is looked for very shortly from the south, and it is not unlikely that she will relieve the Hyacinthe, which is due back from patrol duty in sealing waters by Wednesday next.

Spring Novelties.
The latest styles in Millinery and Capes at Lansdowne House. J. Partridge. *

Bargains in Boots and Shoes
At Russell & McDonald's.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal
Have You Tried It?

"ARMY" SCHEMES.

The Salvation Army Will Erect New Barracks this Summer.

The Salvation Army continues to increase in numbers in British Columbia. Its sphere of usefulness is continually widening, and the amount of good that is being done by these street preachers among the "poor and lowly" is unquestionably very great. The Salvationists pray in public, it is true, but they also do good deeds and charitable acts in private. Encouraged by the success met with in Victoria, Adjutant Archibald, the new commandant in British Columbia, has undertaken the bold project of erecting new barracks, at a cost, land included, of $12,000. The Army now pays for the rental of barracks and offices about $70 a month, and it is expected that with premises of its own a large saving will be made. The project will no doubt receive the support of many outside of the Army and the churches, for there is a kindly feeling among all classes for these indefatigable workers in behalf of the "submerged tenth" of our city. A meeting will be held tomorrow at 3 p. m. to receive subscriptions to the barracks' fund, but contributions may also be sent to Adj. Archibald, 130 Douglas street.

Another scheme under consideration is the establishment of a food and shelter refuge at Vancouver, where the helpless and broken spirited may be revived and put on their feet again. This is a sort of "mission" business that will appeal to the pockets of that class of alleged Christians—a constantly growing class, too, with which many good people like newspaper reporters are not disposed to quarrel—that says that less money should be spent in foreign and more in home missions. This, with the help of the good and the bad—that is to say, of the religiously inclined as well as the class that goes fishing on Sundays—the Army should be able to build a barracks in Victoria and erect a home in Vancouver in time for the opening ceremonies to be participated in by General Booth on the occasion of his visit to this province next fall.

Derby Plug The Coolest And Most Enjoyable Smoke Ever Produced.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

The Old Cost Sale Racket Played Out
We Do NOT Stop At Cost
But Sell Many Goods Below
Come And See For Yourself

Boys' Grey and Blue Flannel Shirts 50c.
Men's Union Check Shirts - - 50c., 75c.
Men's Print Shirts - - - 50c.
Men's Grey Flannel Shirts - 75c., $1
Men's Navy Flannel Shirts - - - $1

Cameron. THE CASH CLOTHIER
55 Johnson Street.

TO THE PUBLIC.

It having been rumored that merchant tailoring firms in Victoria are employing Chinese labor in competition with white labor during these depressed times, we, the undersigned, after making a thorough investigation, are aware that the practice is not general, and we beg to inform the public that we do not and will not employ Chinese labor in the manufacture of our goods.

JOHN CALVERT,
W. D. KINNAIRD,
D. CAMPBELL & CO.,
J. T. BURROWES,
JAMES McCORKALL,
B. J. MATTHEWS,
JOHN McCALLUM, Broad St.
THOS. HOWELL,
THOMAS & GRANT,
J. W. CREIGHTON,
T. W. WALKER & CO,
S. POTTS.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

The office of Henry Croft is removed from the Colonist Block, 72 Government street, to the Janion Block, 28 Store street.

THE STANLEY HOUSE
BANKRUPT SALE.

Remnants
Remnants
Remnants

A week of Remnants, commencing Tuesday Morning, May 8th. Evsrything in the way of ends thrown out. Greater reductions than ever in all departments.

DOUGLAS STREET, NEAR FORT.

The British Columbia
Sugar Refining Company,
(LIMITED)
VANCOUVER, B. C.

MANUFACTURERS OF Refined Sugars and Syrups
OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY.

PRICE LIST
(Applicable to Lots of not less than 10 Barrels or equal.)

SUGAR—	Powdered, Icing and Bar, in Bbls.	6½c. per lb.
	Paris Lumps, in Bbls. or 100 lb. bags,	5⅝c. "
	Granulated, " "	4⅜c. "
	Yellow, according to quality, "	4 to 4⅜c. "
	100 lb. Kegs ⅛c. more, Half Bbls. ¼c. more, Boxes ½c. more.	
SYRUPS—	30 Gal. Barrels,	2¼c. per lb.
	10 " Kegs,	2⅜c. "
	5 " "	$2.00 each.
	1 " Tins,	$4.25 per case of 10
	½ " "	5.75 " 20

Payment by Spot Cash. All prices subject to change without notice. Special terms for lots of 100 Barrels and upwards.

☞ NO CHINESE LABOR EMPLOYED.

TO THE PUBLIC—We guarantee for our sugars absolute purity. Every dealer knows they are superior to any others in the market. COMPARE AND DECIDE FOR YOURSELVES. When you ask for B. C. sugar see that you get it.

To Nursing Mothers!
A leading Ottawa Doctor writes:
"During Lactation, when the strength of the mother is deficient, or the secretion of milk scanty,
WYETH'S MALT EXTRACT
gives most gratifying results." It also improves the quality of the milk.

It is largely prescribed
To Assist Digestion,
To Improve the Appetite,
To Act as a Food for Consumptives,
In Nervous Exhaustion, and as a Valuable Tonic.

PRICE, 40 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Place a Cake
OF BABY'S OWN SOAP
In your linen drawer and it will impart to your clothes the delicate aroma of fine French Pot Pourri in a modified degree.

The longer you keep the soap before using it the better.

Beware of Imitations.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Montreal, Sole Manufactuers.

COUPON. America Photographed. PART 8.

Bring or send this Coupon with 10c. to the Times office and Part 8 of "America Photographed" will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage. Cut out now and present before the end of this week as this coupon will be withdrawn at that time. Subscribers requiring portfolios to be sent by mail, to avoid writing a letter for each, may remit for the whole series or any part thereof, and portfolios will be mailed as issued.

COMBINATION COUPON. FOR EITHER PARTS 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7.
America Photographed.

Bring or send this Coupon with 10c for each part to the Times office.
NOTE—Obliterate the numbers that you have already procured. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage.
This coupon is printed for the benefit of those who have not received the parts numbered above to enable them to get the series from the beginning.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

A KENISH INCIDENT.

"Tales of Ten Travellers Series."

BY EDGAR L. WAKEMAN.

Not so long ago but that the incident is fresh in the minds of at least those who suffered ruin from the great defalcation, a very celebrated trustee of estates in the city of New York fled from the wreck of scores of fortunes his dishonesty had entailed.

At the time it was believed that not a penny entrusted to his keeping would ever be recovered. Some sympathetic old clerk, at the personal expense to himself of stationery and stamps, was considerate enough to notify those who had been left penniless through his master's guilt; and one of his brief but kindly notes was duly delivered by a postman, on a rosy September morning, to Mr. George Pelham, who sat at breakfast opposite his sister, Miss Mercy Pelham, in their pleasant apartments, No.—, Cheyne Row, Chelsea, London.

"Now, Merce, if this is even our last quarter's allowance, which should have reached us in July, we are still all right for the winter in Florence;" said George Pelham gaily to his sister as he broke the seal of the letter.

He hastily scanned the contents, crushed the letter in his hand, left the table abruptly and stood before the window which loked out upon the monument of grim old Carlyle, the shimmering blue of the Thames and the sun-flecked hills of Surrey beyond. For an instant everything swam before him and his lips could not form words for conveying the dread intelligence to the dainty little woman at the table.

She looked at her brother quizzically for a moment, munched her lamb chop as contentedly as ever, and finally after clearing her throat with a decided little "Ahem!" imitated an army roll call from the bugle so heartily and piercingly that the sparrows in the little park along the Row left off their busy pecking and perked their heads with sharp, questioning notes of alarm; while George Pelham turned and smiled in pitying admiration through his gathering manly tears.

"Poor Mercy!" he at last faltered, "that divine voice of yours will be worth nothing now!"

"Nonsense, George!" She had begun bravely at the chop again and with a sprig of watercress in her pretty hand, gestured with mock command as she spoke. "Know all about it. Just as well as though you told me. Old Six-per-cent's cut up some dido or other?"

George Pelham savagely nodded his head.

"Failed, or suicided, or run away, or played the stocks, or got nipped on the short side of some gigantic scheme just as the hard times were coming on!"

Here her brother nodded his head furiously again and pounded his left hand with the crumpled letter as though it had been old Six-per-cent's devoted head, while Mercy crunched the watercress in her pretty teeth leisurely.

"And instead of receiving the overdue quarterly allowance, we haven't a penny in the world and are three thousand miles from everybody but strangers. That's the situation, isn't it brother George?"

"Precisely. Only you don't take into account the fact that we have discounted our expectations; are under heavy social obligations, and owe much money to the people about us. We haven't paid for the very breakfast we're eating!"

"True enough, but we can't get any rebate on cold chops, potatoes, cress, muffins and chocolate now, can we, George?"

"Hardly," he replied lugubriously.

"Well, then, sit down here like a man; eat as heartily as though we had every dollar of our own with us; and then we'll see what can be done."

He did as bidden but made a sorry meal, despite his sister's rallying and occasional bursts of cheery song.

They were a typical American pair; a brother and sister born and bred on one of the fine old farms of the old Mohawk valley, in New York state; full of native independence and ability; schooled in the schools, in city life and in travel, as is the custom with such; and of later years owing to personal merit and the position which wealth assures to those of genial ambitions, fairly counted as aristocrats for their place and associations.

Their parents were dead and the fortunes which had been left them had been placed in the hands of one of those "safe, conservative old lawyers," as goes the term, with which New York city abounds, whose relation with their clients never exceed the formality of a quarterly or annual check, and who never were known to render an accounting until imposed by defalcation or death.

The brother was a student of books and of lowly life, out of which had grown a dabbling in art; while the sister, possessed of a splendid voice, was sensibly ambitious of its culture. To the credit of both, they had proceeded in a modest and comfortable way, undesirous of attracting attention; mutually loving and enjoying the situations a life of leisure naturally presented; and, being excellent society for each other, had unconsciously attracted to themselves a few desirable friends. Indeed their keenest bitterness in being confronted with complete ruin in a foreign land, was the consciousness of the shock to such as liked them for themselves when the knowledge of their extraordinary situation should be disclosed.

"Now the first thing, brother George," insisted Mercy, bravely, as she left the breakfast table, "is to find just what we owe here in London."

They figured valiantly for a little time, rummaging the place for bills and polite duns which had been accumulating for some weeks past, and found the amount was slightly under two hundred pounds.

"Liabilities, £198 13s. 6d;" at last exclaimed Mercy, with a bright little air of business. "Now for our assets!"

"There is no need of counting them Mercy."

"Cash," she continued without noticing his remark, after she had emptied her brother's pockets and her own purse, "exactly six pounds!"

"Not enough to buy steerage tickets to New York, Merce!" exclaimed her brother ruefully. "Besides, I don't know where I could borrow a sovereign in all England."

"We won't borrow, George, not a penny!" she returned quietly. "That's settled." Then she began melodiously humming:

"Too proud to beg, too honest to steal,
We'll know what it is (if necessary) to
be wanting a meal;
Too proud to beg, too honest to steal;
We'll belong to the shabby genteel—

but we'll not borrow. Not any. We'll go back, I as stewardess and you as saloon steward, first. Now, George, I could do the 'singing chambermaid' grandly on an ocean liner; and you'd look just lovely with a short jacket, gilt buttons and white gloves; and think of the splendid tips we'd get besides!"

All the time the little woman was interspersing her remarks with brave and encouraging snatches of song, while taking a mental inventory of their belongings.

"Ah, and that makes me think, George!" She ran to her escritoire and began writing. "We must first be honest with our friends."

She wrote rapidly while her brother looked at her with admiration and wonderment.

"There, now, listen to this:

'Miss Mercy Pelham and Mr. George Pelham are compelled to state that through the dishonesty of a trusted agent, they have lost their entire fortune and are no longer in a position to sustain social relations with their former friends and acquaintances.

'They therefore take this means of most earnestly thanking one and all of their friends for many and deeply appriciated attentions, and to beg that all their pending social engagements be at once cancelled.

'Their present situation and their immediate return to America will render a reply to this note unnecessary.'"

"It certainly has the merit of originality," groaned George Pelham. "I suppose you wish this given one insertion in the Society Journal?"

"No, I want you to push back the breakfast things there, and sit right down, and help me write this to every one of our good friends. Here's a list, addresses and all. Come now, make haste, and then we'll auction off everything we have here or sell it to the second-hand men and take the first steamer to New York—second cabin, steerage, or as stewardess and steward. My! but this being real poor does make one energetic, though!"

For an hour or more nothing could be heard in the pleasant breakfast room at Cheyne Row but the lively scratching of their pens. George had finished his list first; had sealed and addressed his letters; and was sitting beside them disconsolately tossing them about, reading and rereading their addresses gloomily. He finally noticed that his sister was silent; had paused in her work and was nibbling at her pen holder while her fine face, resting in her disengaged hand, was turned to the light and brightness of old Cheyne Row.

"What's the matter, Merce?" he asked. "Got a hard one?"

"Yes, yes, George," she replied softly. "This is a little hard."

He noticed, too, that the tears were trickling from her cheek into the lace enfolding her round, fair arm; and he came lovingly to her side and stroked her head gently as he looked over her shoulder at the address.

"It almost breaks my heart to write this one, George. They were so lovely to us."

"Almost loving," Pelham added reflectively.

"That's the worst of it. I'll confess I never came so near falling in love in all my life, George."

"Exactly my predicament, Mercy."

"And then to think of all those sweet days we passed up there about Ambleside, Grassmere and Keswick with them. They were orphans, too. That seemed to draw us all the more closely together. And what a glorious time we had when they passed through London on their way back to Kent, here in this very place. Why, Harry and I and you and Beatrice were like four happy children together."

"Yes, and sure as you're born, Merce, Harry Dunstan asked me, just before leaving if there would be any objections—"

"To what, George?"

"Well, to paying you serious attentions."

"What did you tell him?"

"That, as far as I knew, the claim was not pre-empted, and that there could but one objection possibly arise."

"My! What was that, George?"

"That he might object meantime to my paying court to his sister."

"And did he object to that?" asked Mercy, with some little trace of anxiety.

"Oh, no, not at all. He said there was one fellow who might, though."

"You don't tell me!"

"Yes, the vicar of the parish. Splendid fellow, too. But off color Merce; yellow, shallow, cadaverous. Too brainy, solemn, awful. Sort of stewed in the saffron of books and medievalism. Unhealthy like. Prowls about the old church monuments and brasses too much. Now a likely young woman does not want to marry a spook if he does wear a surplice, Merce. Harry said if we'd just stop off in Kent, on our way to the continent, and I'd be sure to have you along, we could all circumvent the vicar in no time."

The bravery seemed to have all gone out of the little woman for a moment.

"George, I never knew until now how dreadfully riches and poverty change the relations of mankind."

Then she bent over her note to "Miss Beatrice Dunstan, Dunstan Hall, near Maidstone, Kent," and added this little postscript laboriously and through sobs:

"To none in all the world, as to yourself and your good brother, are these words so written in heartbreakings and the dimming of bitter tears."

"Is that all right, George?" She held the letter back and upward above her averted head for him to see.

"'Heart-break' goes. 'Bitter tears' go. Confound it, everything goes! And now I go too!"

"Where, George?"

"Ol' clo's man! No more Dunstan hall in mine!"

"Oh, yes—of course. That's right. Post these letters and bring him along as quickly as possible. I'll rub things up a bit meanwhile. Poor George! I'm sorrier for you than for myself!"

They embraced more lovingly than ever before and separated. Mercy waited in the window to throw her brother an encouraging kiss, following him with pitying eyes until he turned toward the Carlyle monument down the Thames embankment.

Before night everything the brother and sister possessed, aside from their wearing apparel, and much of the best of that gone, with a few keepsakes, had been disposed of, and their debts were paid to the last penny. But they were now horrified to find that their total available funds did not exceed by two sovereigns their combined cash assets when they had taken account of stock in the morning. This would not get them to the nearest seaport town and return them to New York on the most pitiable emigrant fare.

They were sitting by their window overlooking Cheyne Row when this astounding discovery was made. At that moment Pelham caught sight of two familiar figures opposite. They were costermongers, a pearl buttoned Jackey and his "donah," man and wife, who had become indissoluble friends of the Pelhams, first through liberal purchases of vegetables; again through accompanying them on various expeditions among the lowly of London; and, lastly, through a previous year's outing with Chaffinch Ike, as the man was called, and his wife Hetty, through the shires of Essex and Suffolk, to Great Yarmouth by the sea, by donkey and van, subsequently generously loaned to Chaffinch Ike, which donkey and van, the latter transformable at convenience into a huge coster's cart, had brought Ikey and his Hetty to the pinnacle of coster competence and aristocracy.

The costers were grotesquely attired, as if in full bloom for Epping Forest, Hampstead Heath or the Derby, and were exerting themselves ludicrously to attract the attention of their friends in the apartment window above.

"By Jove!" cried Pelham excitedly to his sister, "there are twenty pounds in assets we had overlooked—our donkey and van which Chaffinch Ike and Hetty are using."

"Well, George, we will just keep on overlooking them. If we cannot escape our troubles without plunging those two poor souls back into the misery and degradation they were in when we first came to know them, we'll just strave right here in London."

"All right," replied Pelham resignedly. "Starve it is then; and a quick starve, say I!"

"Ta-ta-ta! Ta-ta-ta! Ta-ta-ta!"

This in a shrill whistle ascended piercingly and almost appealingly from Chaffinch Ike. It was immediately followed by the same from Hetty, whose face blazed as redly as her crimson scarf from her great effort.

Pelham knew this was the imperative signal of the coster; and he raised the window and softly replied with the whistled coster answer of

"Ta-ta-ta! ta-ta!"

He also motioned to the two to ascend to their apartments, where the Pelhams had often received them for little treats before; but Chaffinch Ike, with an expressive curve of his thumb and a still more eloquent grimace of his face towards the area entrance below, indicated that unexpected opposition had already been encountered in that quarter. This sent the Pelhams indignantly to the street. After a short parley with the landlady—one of the humiliating evidences of their changed condition—they led the costers in triumph to their rooms.

Hetty and Ike were in a state of mingled pride and sympathy. Hetty began blubbering with

"Oh, an' w'athever jigger 'as struck ye?"

"Doan't mind 'her," interrupted Ike. "The donah 'asn't a ounce o' bloomin' grammar in 'er. But 'er 'art is as right as the Monument, hit is!"

Then Chaffinch Ike looked about the apartment ruefully.

"Play hit gently, guvernor," he continued, addressing Pelham, "but 'as you an' the missus run up agin, hany'ow? Strike me lucky! but hit quite puts hout me heyes, so it does!"

Then Mercy Pelham came and sat between the two costers, taking a rough hand of each in her own, while George glowered out across the river to the darkening Surrey hills.

She told them simply and in a straightforward womanly way of their utter loss and ruin, while Hetty blubbered harder than before and Chaffinch Ike frowned down the demonstrations of his wife, appealing to her, like the valiant coster that he was, to "strike him lucky and get more bloomin' grammar in 'er, afore mussin' up a lady's pallus," to hide the mists in his own eyes, as Mercy finished her recital with:

"So you see, good friends, much as we would like, we can be no further help to you."

"'Elp to hus?—'Elp to hus?" almost shouted Chaffinch Ike, in a desperate wriggle for adequate sympathetic words. "Gor bli me, lady an' guvernor likewise, hits the other way we wants hit. Strike me lucky! Them's the langwidge as we uttered 'ply to th' old lass below, w'en we couldn't afore to-day to say good-bye for a bit o' houting—down in Kent along o' th' 'ops. She says, 'they 'as no need o' wegetables, nor either good-byes. They's done for.' 'All the more need o' friends,' says Hetty. 'Go 'long,' says she, 'or Hi'll 'ave ye summonsed.' At that, says I, easy does it, missus. Hactionable langwidge kicks both ways, like my moke (donkey). At w'ich we left, with 'eads as 'igh as St. Paul's clock. Now we're 'ere agin t' give o'er the houtin', an' tak' ye t' our 'home. Strike me lucky, 'taint no lud mayor's pallus; but if ye can put up 'long o' Hetty's 'avin' no bloomin' grammar in 'er, hits yours as long has Hetty can 'oller or Hi can shove a cart! Lady an' guvernor likewise, is hit a go?"

He said this in an almost pitiful tone of appeal, as Pelham and his sister, touched by his genuine magnanimity, showered thanks and blessings upon both of them.

"You spoke of going to Kent on a little outing. Did you mean among the hop gardens, Ike?"

"Didn't Hi, though!"

"How were you going?" continued Mercy, with unusual earnestness.

"Same as all o' hus to Yarmouth last year. In our wan, to be sure."

"What can each of you earn per week, and how many weeks' work are there?"

"Thirty bob (shillings) for four weeks."

"That is six pounds each?"

"Gor bli me, lady, them's th' figures!"

"Ike," and the handsome young woman regarded the coster with kindling eyes, "can we—my brother and me—go with you and Hetty in the van?"

He gave such a fierce whistle that Mercy laughingly stopped her ears against its piercing shriek, when the coster, cutting several ecstatic pigeon wings about the apartment, loosened his neckcloth "kingsman" as if to express the almost choking nature of his joy. Hetty blubbered and gurgled radiantly at the unexpected turn of events, while Pelham turned from the window, laughing at the hubbub, but with an anxious, "What crazy scheme is this of yours now, Merce?"

"Nothing crazy about it! You and I picked hops, George, back there on the dear old Mohawk Valley farm, with our neighbors' children, year after year. There was nothing crazy about it then. We thought it the treat of the year. And how proud father was because we—you and I, George—could fill more sacks than other children of our age! Why, if we didn't need the money, I'd enjoy it again, just for auld lang syne. We do need the money—and Ike and Hetty—bless them for their goodness!—will give us a chance to earn it. Besides, I want to see Kent, just once, if—only as a hoppicker!" she concluded determinedly.

"You are the bravest sister man ever had!" exclaimed Pelham rapturously.

"Gor bli me, she's 'hevery inch a queen!" murmured Hetty rapturously.

"A queen?" added Ike scornfully, at the inadequateness of the title. "Strike me lucky, she's a hempress, hout an' hout!"

Bright and early the next morning, Ike, Hetty and their van, drawn by their wonderful donkey, Bolivar, resplendent in the newly polished coronets of his second-hand harness, were in waiting in the historic precincts of Cheyne Row.

The Pelhams had stored their remaining belongings with their landlady, leaving instructions to forward any letters that might arrive in their absence to Maidstone, the metropolis of the Kentish hop country, and, after providing a single change of garments, with some necessary additions of food to the already generous coster supply, were ready for the extraordinary journey into Kent.

While busy about the van with the final preparations, Ike with genuine feeling confided to Pelham that all provisions against "the ladies'" wants had been looked to. For," he said, with almost a tinge of bitterness in his argument, "w'at's the use o' leavin' out th' wet? Strike me lucky, but you must give a woman, leastwise Hetty, w'at she's used ter, on a houtin', an' plenty hof it 'n', no fear, she'll make folks 'appy w'ere she bides!"

With this generous outlook before them, Hetty and Mercy were comfortably ensconced in the van, and Ike and Pelham, walking beside the demure Bolivar, the pilgrimage to the hop-gardens of Kent was begun.

Their way led over the Thames out through Southwark with its Tabard Inn, where Chaucer's fancy grouped a quaint company—his knight, prioress, yeoman, friar, monk, merchant, sergeant of law, clerk, haberdasher, weaver, dyer, miller, reeve, goodwife of Bath and what-not of that ilk—at the beginning of the Canterbury pilgrimage; through little Foot's Cray with its picturesque Ursula Lodge, a "retreat for six ancient maiden ladies;" into Ernsford, embowered in apple-orchards and dozing beneath the ruins of its flinty Norman castle curiously studded with Roman bricks; and at last, after two days' time,

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SEAL BRAND JAVA AND MOCHA
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Caution—Be sure you get Chase & Sanborn's Coffee.

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8 30 pm	Lv	Ml	...*Victoria...	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	...Seattle...	28	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	...*Tacoma...	Ml	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent,
Victoria B. C.
A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass Agent,
121 First Washington, Portland Or

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East, running Buffet Cars, with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and first and second class coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to
C. A. RATTRAY,
General Agent,
No. 4 Adelphi Block,
Govt. st., next to Postoffice, Victoria, B.C.
F. I. WHITNEY,
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt.
St. Paul, Minnesota.

HONOLULU, by O. S. S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS!

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, June 9th, 1894, 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St.
For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change
The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer
Alameda.....Thursday, May 31, at 2 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the English mails
J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
General Agents.
or W WEBSTER, H. E. CONNON, Agent,
District Agent. Bastion Square, Victoria
CAPT. WM. WEBSTER,
Agent for Puget Sound Territory.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.

City of Puebla - - - May 23

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 22,
Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.
Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.
JOHN IRVING,
G. A. CARLETON, Manager.
General Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 12th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND Read Up: No. 1 Passenger Daily	No. 3 Passenger Fri's Sat's & Sundays	Miles from Wellington	STATIONS	NORTH BOUND Read Down: Miles from Victoria	No. 1 Passenger Fri's Sat's & Sundays	No. 3 Passenger Daily
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	VICTORIA	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	RUSSELLS	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	ESQUIMALT	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	GOLDSTREAM	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	SUMMIT SIDING	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	COBBLE HILL	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	McPHERSON'S	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	KOKSILAH	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	DUNCAN'S	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	SOMENOS	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	CHEMAINUS	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	OYSTER BAY SIDING	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	NANAIMO	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	WELLINGTON	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, JOSEPH HUNTER,
President. Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR,
Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

QUICK TIME ! ! !

TO SAN FRANCISCO

—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservation etc., call upon or address
THOS. A. GRAHAM,
Dist. Pass. Agent,
No. 1106 Pacific Ave
E. P. ROGERS, Tacoma, Wash.
Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.......................Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.........Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo..............Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria,.........Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdes Island are discontinued.

For freight or staterooms apply, on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria ... Store street.

For the 24th Boating Flannels, Neglege Shirts, Straw Hats, Sweater Jerseys, Etc. **B. Williams & Co.,** Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

they came to sweet old Arlington—where Sir Thomas Wyatt, through his passion for the Kentish beauty, Queen Anne Boleyn, wrote almost the earliest and some of the sweetest love songs in the English tongue—the green depths of whose forests throbbed with the endless melody of birds, and from whose gentle hills and hop-gardens of Kent stretch away to the south and east like impenetrable masses of shadows, towards ancient Canterbury and the sea.

Nor were they alone in the pilgrimage. From every highway, pathway and lane leading, as it seemed, from every contiguous shire and centering about Maidstone, floated low clouds of dust. These half hid and half disclosed masses of oncoming pilgrim bands. They came not in hundreds but in thousands. They came in vans, in carts and on foot. Thousands of Gypsies were among their number. Every railway train which halted at every station in the entire district, left scores or hundreds from the London slums; and these set out with fierce halloes upon the crowded roads in mad racings for favorite gardens and masters.

From the hillside where their van had halted for the night they could see for miles and miles the wild throng thicken.

The hedges were alive with them. Every spring or stream was well seized upon as by armies in their pestilential, all-consuming long marches. They crowded from hedges into field corners. They broke into meadows and wallowed in the aftermath. Wave-like they beat up against the farm houses and fought like beasts for sheds and half sheltered spots beneath division walls, or for hollows beside the roadways. Far as the eye could reach, it seemed that writhing, wriggling, ungovernable countless thousands of frantic humans were wedged in upon each other simply for savage outlawry and destruction.

As the night came down the valley scene and sound were more impressive still. Hundreds of flickering campfires were lighted in the plain below. No human was visible, but the mutterings of the unmarshalled army of labor were more dreadful in contemplation than their unmasked ranks by day. Hoarse halloas, laughter from which all innocense had forever flown, cries of drunken men and shrieking women mingled in horrible discord and floated blastingly over the sweetest of English vales.

But late, late at night, one by one the valley fires grew dim, and one by one the blessed stars, as if shuddering and shrinking from the bestial scenes below, swung their trembling lanterns in the sky. And not until then could at least two of the occupants of the van at old Arlington's forest side, realize that the air was full of odorous thyme, that the subtle musk of ten thousand hop-gardens brought the sweetest of all repose; and that in no other land beneath the stars do labor and night invite the tired and unfortunate to such wondrously life-giving and ever dreamless sleep as among the beauteous hop-gardens of ancient Kent.

To the hop-pickers in general the place was simply known as "The Hall." It was a historic place, no doubt, for the battlemented turrets of a huge structure showed loftily above the park trees of the demesne. But to those who annually came and toiled, its chief interest lay in the fact that fair prices were paid for hop gathering and that the overseers were careful in selecting pickers from among rural village folk rather than from the vile rabble from the London slums.

That the Pelhams were thus fortunate was due to the genius and diplomacy of Chaffinch Ike, who swore the great-coster oath to Hetty that "afore he'd let th' hempress mix with th' reg'lar Lunnon mob as goes a 'oppin'," he would chuck 'er in th' wan, an' run away 'ome again," so he would; and so the four who were provided with a "bin" to themselves, found their surroundings far more pleasant than falls to the lot of most who scramble among the odorous hop fields of Kent.

At the close of the first day George and Mercy Pelham returned to the van, which stood beside the ancient Aylesford church, with sore limbs and bleeding hands. But there was compensating magic in the hearty out-door life; exhileration in the striving of labor; elation in the merry rivalry; and wondrous human interest in the bright, quaint groups about them.

Then there were the strange signals for bringing the pickers together morning and afternoon; the conch-shell horns, the hand bells, the cries more wondrous than those of London hawkers and the musical numbers from the old farm-house belfries. There were the huge four-wheel carts, gathering the hops from the bins for the "oasts" or kilns; the overseers measuring the feathery fruitage; the "pole-pullers" ever coming and going with mountains of vines and stacks of empty poles; the "tally-man" with his quick figuring and cheery word of encouragement; the evening cry of "No more poles!" which closed the long day of toil; and then the bright, genial, almost social aspect of eventide as the pickers trailed along the lanes and highways to their village homes, forming wonderful pastoral groupings against the mellow and reposeful autumnal landscape.

And so, with toil and song, the days came and went until the cry "No more poles!" closed the labors of the week, and the overseer came to the "singin' bin," as the other pickers had learned to call the one from which so often sweet songs or roystering coster ballads were heard, with words of victory to Mercy, George, Hetty and Ike that they had "outpicked the field;" while more glorious still, their "tally-book" showed that their week's toil had gained for the four royal friends the princely sum of eight pounds, ten shillings and fourpence!

"Ah, George," cried Mercy in the grandest enthusiasm, "four weeks more like this, and we'll sail for home 'second cabin' at least."

An hour later the brother and sister had entered the open ancient church for a bit of quiet and rest. Ike had "knocked off" at noon for a tramp to Maidstone, to inquire for any letters which might been forwarded from Cheyne Row; and faithful Hetty, occasionally involved with "Bolivar," now unduly facetious from his long enforced idleness, was busy preparing the evening meal.

The two had stolen into the organ loft. Mercy, hovering over the organ keys, hummed the refrain of some familiar ballad, now and then fitfully took the sustained notes of some classic aria, or again filled the dim old edifice with the grander measure of some stately psalm; while Pelham, tired and half dozing in the slumberous place, sat beside her, nodding at the quaint architecture, the sombre carvings, the tarnished brasses, or the recumbent effigies upon the shadowy tombs.

"Their bones are all about us, Merce."

"Bones! Whose bones? You've scared all the music out of me, George."

"Why, the Dustans, of course. There," pointing to a tablet on the wall, "is a 'Sacred to the Memory' of one. That huge brass just in front of the chancel commemorates another. And if Beatrice Dunstan was fifty years of age and done in marble, the likeness couldn't be more in marble, the likeness couldn't be a more perfect one than that effigy just beneath us here."

Mercy sprang down beside him. They were now so intent upon the inscriptions that they failed to hear voices in the old stone south porch.

"I never heard but one voice like that; and I'll never hear another!" said a man's voice solemnly. A woman answered him very tenderly with,

"That one was Mercy Pelham's. Poor, poor Mercy! How dreadful it is that we cannot reach them with our letters and telegrams!"

"What's that?—listen a moment!"

"Hi say, Hetty, gal, w'ere's th' guvernor? 'Ere's letters an' telleygramtues nuff ter turn 'is 'ead."

"In th' horgin loft, Ike dear. Strike me lucky, but 'eavenly moosic they're a makin'. Easy does it Ike, but tell Miss Pelham as tea's ready to a turn."

With a bound Ike was within the porch, but a quick, strong hand detained him and a trembling voice demanded:

"What—what Miss Pelham is that to whom you are going with those letters?"

"Gor bli me, man, th' hempress, t' be sure!"

"And the—the 'guvernor'?"

"Why, 'er brother—Mister George Pel'am; no less nor a markis, if Hi 'ad my blooming way. Say, gently now, be ye peggin' it fair an' friendly?"

"On my honor, yes! And this lady, my sister, too."

"Strike me lucky, then, we're hall a houtin', pickin' 'ops together; up at th' 'All."

"Up at the Hall?—George and Mercy Pelham hop picking in the fields of our demesne? This is terrible?"

The latter was lost upon Ike, who was hastening to the organ loft. The two in the porch followed him quickly and softly and in a moment more they were beside the coster who, hat in hand, stood near his friends, respectfully waiting until Mercy had done speaking.

"Wretchedly poor as we are and as we may always be, I would give years of my life, George, to be able to make Harry and Beatrice Dunstan sometime understand how much we loved them!"

Two little hysterical screams broke upon the silence of the ancient church. A mighty scramble followed. Then there was an impetuous commingling of arms and hands and lips. Somehow, the wriggling mass of protestation, embraces, explanations and caresses worked its whirlwind way to the little organ where, Mercy Pelham with her brown, sore fingers on the keys and with George and Harry and Beatrice crowding endearingly about her, united voices and reunited hearts awoke the slumbering echoes of the ancient Aylesford church with "Praise God from whom all blessings flow," as had never been heard in Kent from that blessed eventide to the dimmest of old Saxon times.

That night the four hop pickers of the "singin' bin" were housed at Dunstan Hall, with ecstatic Ike, Hetty and their donkey, Bolivar, for the first time in their lives beneath the turrets and battlements of a real "pallus;" but the brother and sister Pelham were not half so joyous over the glad reunion and the one letter which told them that their fortune was still almost wholly intact, as they were then and ever after proud of a certain little "tally-book" in which was set down in good round figures their honest earnings with their loyal coster friends, among the beauteous hop-gardens of Dunstan Hall, in the lovely, leafy, shire of Kent.

British Columbia Hops.

Mention is made by the Western World of the fact that the shipments of British Columbia hops to England last season proved very satisfactory. Messrs. Norman & Co., a leading produce firm of London, say that subject to their flavor, which is similar to East Kents, being maintained, they are to be preferred to any that are imported and would carry all before them. The maintenance of this quality is of the utmost importance to the hop industry of the Pacific province, and on its being successfully kept up depends the future of the trade. Methods of cultivation are, of course, of considerable importance, but the chief thing is the drying of the hops after they are picked. First in importance is the construction of suitable kilns or oast houses, then the employment of experienced dryers. Incompetent dryers may at the outset give British Columbia hops a bad name in England from which it will take years to recover, and the importation of dryers, if necessary, from England is advised. British Columbia hop growers will make a great mistake if they go south of the international boundary for information on hop drying. Californian hops, as is well known, have an unsatisfactory flavor, as they cannot be brewed alone, but have to be blended with other growths.

There is every reason to believe that British Columbia can produce hops of satisfactory flavor, which should fetch much larger prices in England than Californians.

Improper and deficient care of the scalp will cause grayness of the hair and baldness. Escape both by the use of that reliable specific Hall's Hair Renewer.

TRIUMPHANTLY CROWNED

By the Seven Provinces of Our Dominion.

Paine's Celery Compound Honored and Esteemed Above All Other Medicines.

A few years ago that health-giving and life-saving medicine, Paine's Celery Compound, was given to the people of Canada in a quiet, honest and unostentatious way. The discovery of a giant intellect in medicine and science was given to the people of Canada with confidence, and the happy results are unparalleled in the annals of medical science.

The great mission of Paine's Celery Compound was to root out and banish disease and suffering, and to give new health, strength, vim, energy and activity to weak, nervous, sleepless and rundown men and women.

Up to the present the career of Paine's Celery Compound has been astonishingly grand and successful. Its great battles and magnificent victories over disease has enabled this grand scientific agent to drive into obscurity a host of quack nostrums and deceptive medicines that took away from the sick and afflicted what little physical strength they possessed, and their hard earned money as well.

Whenever and wherever the common patent medicines of the day failed to cure—when doctors, after honest striving, gave up their patients as incurable—Paine's Celery Compound extended the mighty right hand of power, and saved from death and the grave those who had faith to take hold of the rescuing hand.

No other medicine holds such a record of wonderful works and cures in our young Dominion, and no other has ever received such notices from physicians and the press of the country. The honors won by Paine's Celery Compound span this broad Dominion from shore to shore. The seven provinces have awarded it the palm of victory for its marvellous and triumphant successes.

This is a position at once high and commanding—a monument of fame and honor that time and circumstances can never dim or dethrone.

Readers, ye who are weakly, brain-tired, sickly, suffering and diseased, this grand discovery in medicine is offered specially for your troubles and physical burdens. It will restore to you the blessings you so eagerly crave for—a healthy body, clear brain, bright eyes, the glow of health in the face and the quick and elastic step. You must decide at once; your course must be marked by progress or retrogression. You have the incontrovertible evidence and testimony of thousands of our Canadian people to help you; all have testified that Paine's Celery Compound "makes people well."

CANADIAN NEWS.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

An Edmonton dispatch says that Sheppard, who murdered May Buchanan in December last, has been convicted of manslaughter by a jury and sentenced to life imprisonment by Judge Rouleau.

The stables and stock on the farm of Dr. Dame, at St. Charles, Man., have been destroyed by fire. The loss is about $5,000, insured in the Northwest Co.

The Queen's hotel, one of the oldest hostelries in Winnipeg, has been compelled to close.

Dr. Bryce, of the Ontario board of health, has issued a circular urging increased vigilance on the part of the health officers of Ontario in view of the epidemic of smallpox in the Westren States.

John Coulter, a farmer of Bolton village, stopped at the Kerby house in Toronto. On retiring to bed he blew out the gas and was found dead in the morning.

The Conservatives of South Toronto have nominated Oliver A. Howland, barrister, for the legislature. The North Toronto P. P. A. have decided not to run a candidate in that division.

T. T. Winter, a Paris cigarmaker, was found dead in bed.

Thomas Berney, an old resident of Toronto, for the past fourteen years caretaker of Riverside park, died recently, aged 64 years.

Hugh Gracey, one of the best known farmers in Tilbury West, died after a very short illness of brain fever. He leaves a wife and six children.

The two heaviest thunder storms in years broke over London on Thursday. The Morgan house, two dwellings and two barns were struck by lightning and a farmer outside the city had a cow killed. The inmates of the house escaped. A deluge of rain fell and considerable damage was done by the flooding of cellars.

The Conservatives of North Lanark have renominated Bennett Rosamond, M. P., as their candidate for the commons. The Reformers of the same riding nominated William C. Caldwell for the legislature.

Word has been received of the death of D. D. Currier, editor and proprietor of the Shelburne, N. B., Budget. Deceased was formerly a Methodist minister, and was perhaps the most popular and influential Methodist minister in Eastern Canada. In 1887 he was expelled from the ministry on a charge of immorality.

The customs department has been notified of the capture of a liquor smuggler in the gulf by the government cruiser Constance. The smuggler's crew stood off the government men with axes, but were overpowered.

The exports for the ten months show an increase of $1,166,000 and the imports a falling off of $3,000,000. The duties from customs decreased $830,000.

J. C. Wilson, paper manufacturer, Lachute, will probably be called to the senate in the place of the late Sir John J. C. Abbott.

Arrangements have been made whereby Canadian volunteers may obtain courses of training in military tactics with the regular forces at Halifax.

VERNON AND VICINITY.

A Quick Run—Mountain Lions Plentiful—The Grist Mill.

(Vernon News.)

Kelowna has now a resident physician, Dr. B. F. Boyce, formerly of Fairview, having recently moved to that town.

The steamer Aberdeen, with Van Horne's party aboard, made the run to Penticton on Friday in four hours and eighteen minutes.

Mr. W. C. Pound, taxidermist, has received from Mr. C. A. R. Lambly a magnificent skin of a mountain lion, brought up by that gentleman from Osoyoos where these animals are reported unusually plentiful this year. The brute measures over eight feet and a half from tip to tip, and would from his appearance prove an exceedingly ugly companion on a lonely mountain trail.

Last Thursday Messrs. Cargill & Co., of Armstrong, submitted an offer to the Vancouver City Council to erect a 300-barrel grist mill in that city. Their offer was favorably entertained, the matter of bonus being left in the hands of a committee. Free water and tax exemption for two years was suggested—quite a reduction from what Vernon people are giving for a 50-barrel mill.

Unlike the Dutch Process
No Alkalies
—or—
Other Chemicals
are used in the preparation of
W. BAKER & CO.'S
BreakfastCocoa
which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

Miscellaneous.

Lord Burton has presented to the citizens of Burton-on-Trent, England, a magnificent building, which cost $50,000. It is known as the Liberal palace, and is to be the meeting place of the Liberals of that town.

Prisoner—"What does the judge say about my case?"

Lawyer—"He's non-committal."

Prisoner—"Well, I am glad of that. I was afraid he woul give me seven years."

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully.

SMOKE
MASTIFF
FINEST HAVANA

There is as much difference in the flavor, strength and aroma of smoking tobaccos as in cigars.

MASTIFF PLUG CUT ranks with the finest Havana cigars in comparison.

J. B. PACE TOBACCO CO.,
Richmond, Va., and Montreal.

JOHNSON'S FLUID BEEF

Is

Fifty Times

As

Nourishing

As

Meat Extract and Home Made Beef Tea.

It makes a strengthening and invigorating beverage.

PREPARED BY

The Johnston Fluid Beef Co.,
Montreal.

FRESH and RELIABLE

Seeds THAT WILL GROW is what you require if you would have a bountiful crop of Vegetables and Flowers. We can supply you with the best seed in all varieties. Also thousands of

FOLIAGE AND FLOWERING PLANTS,

Now ready to select from

G. A. McTAVISH,
9 Park Road, Victoria
Catalogues mailed free.

S. A. STODDART
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25,
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.
Nickle Alarm Clocks $1.10.

NOTICE.

COMPETITIVE PLANS

and Estimates of Cost for the Construction of a Permanent Roadway across James Bay on the line of Government St. between Humboldt street and Belleville street, will be received at the office of the undersigned on or before the 1st day of July, 1894.

Plan and profile of sight and particulars of competition may be seen at the office of the City Engineer.

Awards—1st prize, $350; 2nd prize, $150.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B. C., April 26, 1894.

W. J. HANNA,
Graduate U. S. College of Embalming
PARLORS, 42 BROAD ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government street' V ctor a.

THOS. STOREY,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER,
Office: 90 Johnson St.

Real Estate.

TO LEASE—1 farm of 67 acres, 6 miles from city, water front, $150 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 9 miles from city with new 8-room house, etc., $250 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 20 miles from city, close to Sidney & Victoria Railway, cottage, stable, etc., $200 per year.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property, ranch 320 acres, 14 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.; 2 good roads to property; 265 acres fenced; 80 acres bush; good black soil; Elbow river crosses property; 2 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, post-office, blacksmith shop, cheese factory, all within 1 and two miles. Price, $2,500.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

THREE LOTS, 60x148 EACH. Splendid position; close to Fowl Bay; good level land; a bargain ($650) or singly $225 each. Postoffice box 361.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
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The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.

First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates. University, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses.

Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply

PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.
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JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.
VICTORIA, B. C.

REWARD.

A Reward of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) will be paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on or about the morning of the 18th inst., placed or caused to be placed or exploded, a bomb or other dangerous explosive on or near the residence of Alexander Sharp, at Wellington, in the County of Nanaimo.

Signed,

R. DUNSMUIR & SONS.

Victoria, B. C., March 19, '94.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

'RAH FOR KENNEDY!

Ludicrous Failure of Government Supporters to Pack an Opposition Meeting.

Most Disgusted Crowd That Ever Slunk Off Any Political Battlefield.

New Westminster, May 19.—The first skirmish in the campaign here took place last night. Kennedy's west end committee held a public meeting to discuss political issues and invited the government committee to send speakers. The committee did this and sent sixty or more members residing in the central and eastern portions of the city to pack the meeting. All the local government lights were in attendance and some strange scenes occurred. In the middle of the programme a government speaker moved that D. S. Curtis was the most proper person to represent the city in the next legislature. An amendment was proposed striking out Curtis' name and inserting that of J. B. Kennedy. On a show of hands the opposition candidate carried it by two to one, amid tremendous cheering and applause. The government forces retired at once, feeling cheap over their failure.

Premier Davie arrived this morning and went over to Cloverdale with Jas. Punch, M.P.P., to attend the government Delta convention. Punch's friends are not enthusiastic over his nomination and as there was a likelihood of H. D. Benson, of Ladner's getting the majority of votes, Davie's assistance was asked to boom Punch at the convention. Benson has very independent leanings, and in this differs from Punch.

The presentation of the testimonial to J. C. Brown, M.P.P., at the opera house to-night will be a grand opposition demonstration. Many prominent speakers will be present.

John Boultbee, a Vancouver lawyer, was arrested yesterday on a charge of embezzling $4,000, money entrusted to him for payment to a client, Dr. Campbell, of Denver, Col. He was brought to this city and released on his own recognizance until Monday for trial.

A REGRETTED DEMISE.

Death of Ald. Craig—Tully Boyce Nominated—Several Accidents.

Nanaimo, May 19.—Alderman R. Craig passed away at 10:30 Thursday night. The deceased had twice undergone an operation for cancer in the bowels. After the first operation it was thought he had been cured, but it was soon discovered that another operation was necessary or death would speedily ensue. The second operation was performed by Drs. Praeger, McKechnie and McLeod, and although everything was done that is known to medical science it proved beyond human cure. He has served four years as alderman for the North ward and he was conducting successfully a large carriage factory and a blacksmith shop which was recently destroyed by fire. The funeral will take place on Sunday under the auspices of the Masonic order. It will also be attended by the Knights of Pythias and A. O. U. W.

The delegates from the south district met in the hall this afternoon for the purpose of announcing the result of the ballot which was taken in the several sections of the district for the nomination of a candidate from the Reform club. Tully Boyce was the successful candidate and the choice is considered to be a wise one. It is stated that C. C. McKenzie had no intention of again running for parliamentary honors, and that he is perfectly satisfied that the ballot resulted as stated.

J. Carmichael met with a painful accident at the Alberni paper mill on Wednesday. His left arm was caught in the roller of one of the machines and so crushed and maimed that amputation had to be performed.

J. Drinkwater, a rancher, was severely crushed by a falling tree on Wednesday.

C. Dempster obtained a judgment against G. Johnson for $275 for personal injuries received through the carelessness of the defendant.

A large search party is cruising in the gulf in the hope of finding G. Maclachlan, whose sloop was found in a wrecked condition. A neighbor who is well acquainted with him thinks he will turn up all right.

Capt. Lassen, whose schooner, the Andante, was wrecked in the ice off Copper river, arrived on the steamer Bertha yesterday and will proceed to San Francisco to get his insurance money. The captain states that the weather was more severe than has been known for many years.

Mr. Matthews, a passenger by the steamer Rosalie was thrown from a buggy this afternoon and severely hurt. The horse became unmanageable and galloped along at a fearful rate until it overturned the buggy. The vehicle was wrecked and Matthews was picked up in an unconscious condition.

All the Nanaimo lawyers have agreed to close their offices at 6 o'clock every evening until September 1st, and on Saturday at 2 p. m.

Quite a sum has been collected in this city among the miners and business men toward the support of the miners who are out on strike in the United States.

The Nanaimo lacrosse team have greatly improved since last season, and they feel confident they will prove victorious in their match with the Victoria Juniors on the 24th.

The Brackman & Ker

MILLING CO., Ltd.,

VICTORIA AND NEW WESTMINSTER,

MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS
IN ALL KINDS OF . . . .

GRAIN & MILL PRODUCTS

125 GOVERNMENT ST.

ADVENTURES WITH A BURGLAR.

A Robber Invades Bachelors' Quarters on Blanchard Street.

George Morphy, Harry Howard and Dave Patterson, three well known young men here, are wasting time in the professions they are now following. They should be detectives. At four o'clock this morning their bachelor quarters on Blanchard street where they reside with Messrs. Craig and Carmichael were entered by a burglar. The latter awoke Mr. Patterson when he entered his room and fled when the gentleman moved. The house was aroused and a search showed that Mr. Morphy's gold watch and some money were missing. The three mentioned started out to find the burglar, Mr. Howard having caught a fleeting glance of him as he escaped from the house. Over an hour afterwards they saw a man acting rather strangely on Blanchard street near Fort. The fellow first pretended to be drunk but walked straight when he got to Yates street. They followed and pointed him out to Sergeant Levin who arrested him. He gave the name of James Halley and told two or three stories about his place of residence. He had only a bottle of morphine and a small amount of money in his pocket. Among the latter was an odd coin which Mr. Patterson identified. Halley's shoes were unlaced and Mr. Patterson says that when the burglar left their house his shoes were in his pockets, he having come in in his stockings. The shoes exactly fit tracks in the yard of the house so there is pretty strong evidence against Halley. The latter has been remanded until Monday and the morphine will be kept from him until he is prepared to say where he hid the watch.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

THE OAR.

THE AUSTIN RACES.

Austin, Tex., May 19.—To-day will witness the close of the great regatta and the chief event on the important programme—the challenge four-oared race for $1,000 a side between crews picked by Gaudaur and Peterson, Gaudaur being the challenger. The three-mile race for professionals for a purse of $2,100, of which $1,000 was first money, brought on J. G. Gaudaur, of Orillia; H. Peterson, of San Francisco; Eddie Durnan, of Toronto; John Teemer, of St. Louis; Geo. Hosmer, of Boston, and Ed. Rogers, of Saratoga. The race was a terrific one, and was won by Gaudaur from Peterson, with Eddie Durnan well up, in the fastest time on record—19.01 1-2. The senior four-oared race, 1 1-2 miles with turn, was taken by the Modoc rowing club of St. Louis, from the Western rowing club of St. Louis, and the Louisiana rowing club of New Orleans. Ed. Rogers won the professional half-mile dash.

THE TURF.

HOPBINE THE WINNER.

Manchester, May 19.—The race for the Whitsuntide plate of one thousand sovereigns, was won by Hopbine; Galiottia second and Telescope third.

CRICKET

Matches have been arranged by the local cricket clubs as follows: United Banks' card—May 26, Royal Marine Artillery, at Macaulay Point; June 2, Victoria Cricket Club at Caledonia Park; June 9, Victoria College, at Beacon Hill; June 23, Royal Marine Artillery, at Caledonia Park; July 2, Mainland banks at Vancouver; July 7, Albions at Beacon Hill; August 4, Albions at Beacon Hill; August 18, Victoria Cricket club at Caledonia Park, and August 25, Albions, at Beacon Hill.

Victoria Cricket club—May 26, Westminster at Beacon Hill; June 2, United Banks at Caledonia Park; June 9, Albions at Caledonia Park; June 16, H. M. Navy at Caledonia Park; June 23, Victoria College at Caledonia Park; June 30, Vancouver at Vancouver; July 2, Westminster at Westminster; July 7, H. M. Navy at Caledonia Park; July 14, Royal Marine Artillery at Macaulay Point; July 21, Vancouver at Caledonia Park; July 28, Albions at Beacon Hill; August 4, "Wolves" vs. "Lambs" at Beacon Hill; August 11, H. M. Navy at Beacon Hill; August 18, United Banks at Caledonia Park; August 25, over thirty and under, at Caledonia Park; and September 8, Albions at Caledonia Park.

Albion Cricket club—May 25, Westminster Cricket Club at Beacon Hill; June 2, Royal Marine Artillery at Macaulay Point; June 9, Victoria Cricket club at Caledonia Park; June 16, Victoria College at Beacon Hill; June 23, Victoria Cricket club at Beacon Hill; July 2, Royal Marine Artillery at Beacon Hill; July 7, United Banks at Beacon Hill; July 14, Royal Naval Dockyard at Beacon Hill; July 21, Westminster Cricket club at Westminster; July 28, Victoria Cricket club at Beacon Hill; August 4 and 25, United Banks at Beacon Hill; September 8, Victoria Cricket club at Caledonia Park.

Big Bargains

At Russell & McDonald's, opposite the iron church, Douglas street.

THE CHURCHES.

(Announcements under this head are free. To ensure insertion the copy must be received before 3 p. m. on Saturday.)

St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Victoria West—Service at the usual hours. Rev. D. MacRae, pastor.

Calvary Baptist—Sunday: Rev. Thos. Baldwin, the pastor, will preach morning and evening. 10:15 a.m., prayer meeting in the parlor; 11 a.m., sermon, subject, "The most precious relation;" 3 p.m., Sunday school; 6:15 p.m., B.Y.P.U. prayer meeting; 7 p.m., sermon, subject, "The right and the wrong of it, and its lessons."

Thursday, 8 p.m.—Regular prayer meeting. You are welcome to all services.

Burnside Mission—Sunday, 2:30 p.m., Sunday school.

Wednesday, 8 p.m.—Service by the pastor.

Metropolitan Methodist church, Pandora avenue—Sermons 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. by the pastor, Rev. S. Cleaver, M.A. Evening subject, "Grumblers, and God's way of dealing with them." This will be a continuation of the series of sermons on the life and times of Moses.

Kings road Mission, corner of Third St.—Evangelical church of England—Services, 11 a.m., preacher, Rev. Dr. Taylor; evening, Rev. G. C. King will preach. Sunday school at 3 p.m.

Emmanuel Baptist church—Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., conducted by the pastor. Morning subject, "The great Leader." Both services having special reference to the anniversary of the Queen's birthday.

James Bay Methodist church—Service at 11 a.m. by Rev. E. Robson, and at 7 p.m. by Rev. Rowland Williams.

Herald street Mission—Chinook service at 2:30 p.m. and English at 7 o'clock.

Central church—Rev. P. McF. McLeod will preach. Morning subject, "Encouragements;" evening subject, "The war in which there is no discharge."

Rev. R. G. Macbeth, M.A., of Augustine church, Winnipeg, will occupy the pulpit of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church at both services to-morrow. Mr. Macbeth will likely occupy the pulpit until Rev. Mr. Clay is inducted.

Methodist church, Victoria West—Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Morning, Rev. R. V. Beavis; evening, the pastor. Evening subject, "A message from God for thee."

If ever a man feels like "a poor worm of the dust," it is when he suffers from that tired feeling. Ayer's Sarsaparilla removes this discouraging physical condition and imparts the thrill of new life and energy to every nerve, tissue, muscle, and fibre of the whole body.

PASSENGERS.

Per Str City of Kingston from the Sound—D E Robinson and daughter, Mrs R Smith, Mrs J McGarry, Mrs Stoddart, P Wise, C E Peabody, T M Morden, Miss Finlayson, Miss M Finlayson, Mrs Enghart, Mrs Moore, J Moyer and wife, Miss Morris, J Pelson, Mrs Thompson, Miss Thomson, J Comber, John G Evans, L Craig, Mrs Baily, S O'Brine, E E Baker, E Rosco, Mrs Roselle, H R Boynton, P Blanchard.

Per Steamer Mexico from San Francisco—E A Harris, J Giery, J C Harlod and wife, E Morse and wife, M H Murphy, H C Crosby, D H Urqhart, M Watson, F L Gilchrist, W H Mead, F H Ward, Rev Geo Moore and wife, P W Mansen, F C Millburn, Mrs Bannister, Mrs Molineux, C E Adams, C W Cornell, F Putman, M A Neill, W S North, A S Gillihan, Mamie Smith, George Ward, Lillian St Clair, E W Sun and Rev J White and wife.

Per Steamer Islander from Vancouver—Justice Drake, Miss Drake, H E Cannon, J A Thompson, W Moresby, J Duval, Miss Hirschberg, W Paterson, R P Ramage, D M Leary, Rev J Robson, Rev R J Irvin, J H Gill, A Jackson, J Pursen, R L Warner, Miss Tite, A McLarty, Misses Young, F Clukey, Mrs Clukey, Mrs Thomas, Mrs Cook, T B Thomson, Geo Thomas, Miss Greenway, Mrs McLarty, J J Kerr, J A Brewster, B H T Drake, C L Fay, Miss Drake, R F John, Mrs Robson, J Horner, W M Dean, H J Scott.

Perfect health is seldom found, for impure blood is so general. Hood's Sarsaparilla really does purify the blood and restores health.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Str City of Kingston from the Sound—J Barnsley & Co, P Johnson & Co, Valo & Brooks, Hastie & Bannerman, Robt Smith, H M Paulson, C J Piper, J W Carlisle, J Evans, P O Wirse, McMillan & Hamilton, B Van Volkenburg, B C Cattle Co, John Parker, John Mitchell and Oppenheimer Bros.

Per Steamer Mexico from San Francisco—Allice & Ault, Albion Iron Works, B C Cattle Co, Brackman & Kerr Milling Co, Colonist Printing Pub Co, C Bossi, C S Philp, C Anderson, D & A Williams, D H Ross & Co, estate of Munro Miller, Erskine Wall & Co, Fred Morris, Findlay Durham & Brodie, F R Stewart, Hudson Bay Co, H G Watterson, J & A Clearihue, J M Barnsley & Co, J Lawson, J Day, John Young, Langley & Co, Lenz & Leiser, L White & Co, W L O'Neal, Marvin & Tilton, P McQuade & Son, Petrie & Jackson, P Everett, Philip Bros, R Baker & Son, R P Rithet & Co, R Ward & Co, S Leiser, S Schoen, Thos Earl, Valo & Brooks, Victoria Brewing Co, Victoria-Phoenix Brewing Co, Wilson Bros, W Godfrey, W J Pendray, Wells Fargo & Co.

Per Steamer Islander from Vancouver—Order Col In'd Rev, T B & Co, G W McKenzie, order Col In'd Rev S L, Wilson Bros, Turner B & Co, H A Selby, Fell & Co, Lenz & Leiser, Langley & Co, H Gribble, R A Browne, Erskine Wall & Co, Speed Bros, A McLarty, S Leiser, C H Bowes, Weiler Bros, Spratt & Gray, E A Morris, P McQuade, Braund & Co, B & K M Co, S H Riggs, C W Rogers, Mrs S Powell, A B Erskine, J H Todd, H B Co, E W Dunderdale, S H E Co, T Earle, Chief Deasy, Carmichael & Co, Nicholles & R, J Meston, C Basett, C R King, Cookson & P, Clarke & Pearson, E G Prior & Co, F M Yorke, J Hawkins, M W Waitt, R W Higginbotham, R H Jamieson, Ramsay Bros, W Blackie, Dom Exp Co.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

Symptoms—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists [illegible] Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. tts&w

Only a Step

from Weak Lungs to Consumption. from Depleted Blood to Anæmia, from Diseased Blood to Scrofula, from Loss of Flesh to Illness.

Scott's Emulsion

the Cream of Cod-liver Oil, prevents this step from being taken and restores Health. *Physicians*, the world over, endorse it.

Don't be deceived by Substitutes!
Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has Attained An Enormous And Still Increasing Sale.

USE PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER

FOR ALL BOWEL TROUBLES

FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE,

30 Broad Street.

GRAND

CELEBRATION

THURSDAY 24th

USE PENDRAY'S IVORY SOAP

FRIDAY 25th

PENDRAY'S VINEGAR
WON FIRST PRIZE

SATURDAY 26th

USE PENDRAY'S ELECTRIC SOAP

Practice Makes Perfect

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Flowers Plants and Goods

Per S. S. Empress of India from Japan and are now on view at the Store, a Fine Assorted Variety of Japanese Flowers and Plants of over FORTY DIFFERENT KINDS AND COLORS of rare beauty. Also a great variety of Japanese lanterns.

For Sale at BAZAAR, 90 Douglas St

A. WANIBE.

EX WARRIMOO

Australian Imports.

Corned Ox Tongue.
Whole Pine Apples in Syrup.
Sliced Pine Apdles in Syrup.
Pine Apple Jam.

Very Fine Goods. Prices reasonable.

Erskine, Wall & Co

COR. GOV'T & FORT STS.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia

In the matter of the Point Comfort Hotel Company, Limited, and in the matter of the Winding Up Act and Amending Acts.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

Take notice that a list of the contributories of the above named company has been filed in the office of the Registrar of the Supreme Court and that the Hon. Mr. Justice Crease has appointed Monday, the 28th May, instant, at 11 a.m. in the forenoon, at his chambers in the Law Courts, Victoria, to settle the said list.

Dated this 16th day of May, 1894.

A. H. SCAIFE,
Liquidator.

RUPTURE [illegible] have been effected by my Trusses, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents to overcome **DEFORMITY** Ill. book free

CHARLES CLUTHE,
134 King St. W., Toronto

JOHN McCALLUM,

The Fashionable TAILOR, 42 Broad Street.

Do you find it difficult to obtain a Suit that in every way fits you, without having to use an outburst of profanity every time you put it on? If so you are the man I'm looking for. I guarantee fit, finish, white labor and moderate charges.

"Humanity is so constituted that it will progress only under the stimulus of rivalry."—Lord Brougham. I quite agree with the noble lord. I like a spirit of fair and healthy rivalry, but when it is carried on to such an unhealthy condition as to necessitate the employment of Asiatic slavery in competition with white labor it is "out of sight" for me.

Why pay exhorbitant charges to self-styled leading merchant tailors for Chinese labor? When you can get the BEST GOODS IN THE MARKET for the least money at McCallum's, manufactured by high artistic experts, trained by long years of experience.

ALL WOOL TWEED PANTS FROM $5.00 UP.
ALL WOOL TWEED SUITS FROM $20.00 UP.

JOHN McCALLUM, The Fashionable Tailor, 42 Broad Street.

P.S.—I'll hae nane o' thae follies wi' lang Q's workin' for me.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF,

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Agricultural Implements.
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PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

N.B. TRADE MARK THE VARNISHED BOARD ON WHICH THE GOODS ARE WRAPPED.

Priestley's Dress Fabrics

In the long run it is the quality of the material that will determine the success of a lady's costume. Every lady who has at all studied the matter knows this. Priestley's Black Dress Goods are the best that the market affords. That is conceded on all hands. The ladies of Great Britain cordially acknowledge it. The American ladies prefer Priestley's dress fabrics to French. Our Canadian ladies are now asking for them. They wear better than other goods; but their great charm consists in a peculiar richness and softness of appearance, and a flexibility which enables them to drape in the costume with that suggestion of flow and rhythm which it is the dream of all tasteful women to realise. 6

WEATHER PROBS

The weather will be fine and every lady in Victoria will be down at our store getting a pair of those nice Oxford Shoes we are selling in tan and black. They are Splendid value.

A. B. ERSKINE,

Cor. Government and Johnson Streets.

NOTE—Our Store closes at 7 p.m. during the Summer months.

A Large Consignment

Of the Well Known

LIBERTY ART FABRICS

From "LIBERTY'S," London, Eng., Comprising

Art Cretonnes,
Art Crepe Muslins, All Colors;
Art Crepe Cloth, Figured;
Art Muslins, Single and Double Widths;
Light Silk Brocades, Etc.

NOTE—You will find the above to be the prettiest and the most effective goods (of their kind) ever seen in Victoria. The well known Fabrics by Liberty, of London, are always appreciated by lovers of art. Come and See These Goods.

WEILER BROS.

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R. H. JAMESON, - 33 Fort Street.

W. J. STODDART,

Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler

New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

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Special and complicated Lenses for all the leading oculists of Victoria and the Province. Our work is equal in accuracy, quality and finish to the best that can be had ANYWHERE, and our prices are lower than if you sent away for the glasses.

F. W. Nolte & Co.,

THE ONLY OPTICIANS, 37 Fort St.

If you want your glasses neatly repaired bring them to us.